



REGIONAL BOARD

GOVERNANCE MANUAL

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 This document sets out:

- The statutory and regulatory responsibilities underpinning the operation of the Regional Board of North East Scotland College
- The Constitution and Standing Orders of the Board and its Committees
- The Scheme of Delegation, including delegation to the Chair, Committees, the Principal and the Secretary to the Board
- The Regional Board Code of Conduct
- The Terms of Reference of the Board and its Committees.

1.2 This Manual is not intended to undermine or supersede the formal Instruments and Articles of Governance, under which the College has its charitable status. In the event of any conflict between the contents of this Manual and the Instruments and Articles, the Instruments and Articles take precedence. Any changes to those Instrument and Articles will, as appropriate, be reflected in the content of this Manual.

1.3 This Manual should be read in conjunction with the [Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges](#)

2. STATUTORY AND REGULATORY RESPONSIBILITIES

- 2.1 The Board is constituted in accordance with the Acts and any relevant Regulations, Statutory Provisions or Orders made by the Scottish Government. Any changes to the Acts or any relevant Regulations, Statutory Provisions or Orders made by the Scottish Government will supersede any arrangements or procedures set out in this Manual.
- 2.2 The Board shall be the College's legal authority and, as such, shall ensure that systems are in place for meeting the College's legal obligations, including those arising from contracts and other legal commitments made in the College's name.
- 2.3 The Board shall act as trustee for any legacy, endowment, bequest or gift given to it in support of the work and welfare of the College.
- 2.4 The Board shall ensure that constitutional arrangements as set out in legislation are followed and that appropriate advice is available to enable this to happen.
- 2.5 The Board shall be the employer of all employees of the College.
- 2.6 The Board shall ensure that the College operates ethically, responsibly and with respect for the environment and for society at large and will ensure that the College provides public benefit in Scotland and elsewhere through:
 - the advancement of education and training; and
 - the advancement of citizenship or community development.
- 2.7 The Board shall ensure that it maintains a balance of appropriate knowledge, skills and experience amongst its membership in order to meet its primary responsibilities.
- 2.8 The Board shall be the principal financial and business authority of the College; shall ensure that proper books of account are kept; shall approve the annual budget and financial statements; and shall have overall responsibility for the assets, property and estate of the College and the use thereof.
- 2.9 The Board shall ensure the establishment and monitoring of systems of control and accountability, including: financial and operational controls; systems in respect of risk assessment and management; clear procedures for handling internal grievances; clear procedures for managing conflicts of interest; and clear procedures for public interest disclosure, all so as to maintain the solvency of the College and safeguard its assets.
- 2.10 The Board shall ensure that processes are in place to monitor and evaluate the performance and effectiveness of the College against approved plans and key performance indicators, which should be benchmarked against other comparable institutions, wherever possible.
- 2.11 The Board shall ensure that arrangements are in place to promote the proper management of the health, safety and security of students, staff and others affected by the College and its operations.
- 2.12 It is the duty of the Board to comply with any direction, requirement, notice or duty imposed by the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005.

- 2.13 The Board shall make provision, in consultation with the Students' Association, for the general welfare of students.

3. CONSTITUTION AND STANDING ORDERS

Executive Summary

- 3.1 North East Scotland College is established under the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992. The College's constitutional arrangements are set out expressly in the Act, most notably in section 12 and Schedule 2. A Guide produced by the Scottish Government highlighting the key functions, constitution and proceedings of boards of management is attached as Appendix G.
- 3.2 Under the Act, boards of management are responsible for developing Standing Orders. The Standing Orders of North East Scotland College Regional Board set out the Board's policy and practice on those issues which it has powers to determine.
- 3.3 The Standing Orders are to be read in conjunction with the following:
- The Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992 (as amended), the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 2005 (as amended) and the Post-16 Education (Scotland) Act 2013. In the event of any conflict arising between the Standing Orders and the Acts, the terms of the Acts shall prevail;
 - The Ethical Standards in Public Life etc. (Scotland) Act 2000;
 - Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005;
 - The Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges;
 - The Scheme of Delegation; and
 - The Regional Board Code of Conduct.
- 3.4 The Regional Board of North East Scotland College is established under the provisions of the 1992 Act and is a charity registered in Scotland in terms of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 with registered number SC021174.
- 3.5 In the event of a dispute as to the interpretation of constitutional arrangements or the Standing Orders the ruling of the Chair shall be sought. In the event of a challenge to the Chair's authority the Board shall, in the first instance, refer the matter to the Senior Independent Member who will consult the Secretary to the Board as appropriate.

Purpose and Powers

- 3.6 The Regional Board shall have the duty to manage and conduct the business of the College in accordance with the terms of its statutory responsibilities and, in particular, ensure that it provides suitable and efficient further and higher education to students at the College.
- 3.7 The Board has the responsibility for the appointment of the College Principal, and for the conduct of any disciplinary or other action taken against the Principal as the result of an allegation of misconduct or the investigation of a grievance. It shall put in place suitable arrangements for monitoring his/her performance.
- 3.8 The Board shall delegate to the Principal, as Chief Executive, authority for the academic, corporate, financial, estate and human resource management of the

College, and shall establish and monitor such management functions as shall be undertaken by and under the authority of the Principal.

3.9 The Board has powers to:

- charge fees;
- provide assistance of a financial or other nature (including waiving or granting remission of fees unless specifically prohibited by legislation from doing so);
- receive any property, rights, liabilities and obligations transferred under the 2013 Act and to acquire property for the College's benefit;
- provide facilities of any description appearing necessary for the managing of the College's activities;
- subject to Section 11 of the 2013 Act and with the written consent of the Scottish Ministers, to dispose of property;
- supply goods and services; and enter into contracts, including staff contracts and the supply of goods and services necessary for the management of the College's activities;
- to form or promote or join with any other person in forming or promoting companies (within the meaning of the Companies Act 2006);
- subject to the terms of the Financial Memorandum with the SFC, to borrow such sums as it sees fit; invest such sums as are not immediately required by the Board for the purpose of carrying out the College's activities; and raise funds and accept gifts of money, land or property and apply it to the purpose of carrying out College activities.

3.10 The Board may, having particular regard to any requirements laid down by the SFC with respect to financial management, delegate the performance of its functions to its Chair or any Committee appointed by it or any member of its staff with the exception of the following:

- the determination of the educational character and mission of the College;
- monitoring and review of College systems and procedures;
- approval of annual estimates of income and expenditure;
- ensuring solvency of the College and safeguarding its assets;
- approval of the College's Strategic Plan and Regional Outcome Agreement; and
- appointment and dismissal of the Principal.

3.11 The Board may pay to Board members such allowances and expenses as they may determine subject to any criteria issued from time to time by Scottish Ministers.

3.12 The Board shall not without written consent of the Scottish Ministers:

- borrow money from any source other than within the limits established by the Financial Memorandum;
- give a guarantee or indemnity or create any trust or security over or in respect of the College's property; nor
- effect a material change in the character of the College.

3.13 The Board may be given direction of a general or a specific character by the Scottish Government or the SFC or its equivalent, with regard to the discharge of its functions, and it is the duty of the Board to comply with any directions given.

3.14 The Board has a duty to keep proper accounts which shall be prepared and audited in accordance with the requirements of the SFC.

- 3.15 Subject to the responsibilities of the Board, the Principal is responsible for the executive management of the College, including its financial management, internal organisation and discipline.

Appointment of Chair

- 3.16 The Chair of the Regional Board is appointed by Scottish Ministers.
- 3.17 Regional college chair appointments are subject to standard terms and conditions of appointment. A copy of these terms and conditions can be found on the Scottish Government website - <http://www.gov.scot/Topics/Education/post16reform/hefegovernance/TermsandConditions>
- 3.18 The Chair holds and vacates office on such terms and conditions as the Scottish Ministers may determine.

Appointment of Vice Chairs

- 3.19 The Board shall appoint, as Vice Chair, two of its members, not being a person who is:
- a student at the College;
 - the Principal or Acting Principal of the College or any other employee of the College.
- 3.20 The period of appointment of the offices of Vice Chair shall be determined by the Board in line with succession planning considerations and arrangements..
- 3.21 Holders of the office of Vice Chair may at any time by notice in writing to the Secretary to the Board, resign their respective office as Vice Chair, and/or from the Board itself.
- 3.22 At the first meeting following the expiry of their term of office, or following their resignation, the Board shall appoint a new Vice Chair, as the case may be, from amongst their number for a period in line with the arrangements set out in Section 3.19 above. The Vice Chair retiring at the end of their respective term of office, are eligible for re-election subject to the terms of the Tenure of Office.
- 3.23 When either Vice Chair ceases to be a member of the Board, he or she shall cease to be a Vice Chair.
- 3.24 The Board may appoint one of the Vice Chairs as the Senior Independent Member (Appendix B) to provide a sounding board for the Chair and to serve as an intermediary for the other Board members and Secretary to the Board as necessary.

Appointment of Equality and Diversity Champion

- 3.25 The Board shall appoint, as Equality and Diversity, one of its members, to help ensure that the Board observes good practice in regard to equality and diversity (Appendix C).
- 3.26 The period of appointment of the Equality and Diversity Champion shall be four years from their date of appointment or as otherwise determined by the Board from time to time.

Membership

- 3.27 The Board shall consist of no fewer than 15 nor more than 18 members. The Board shall comprise:
- a) a person appointed by the Scottish Ministers to chair meetings of the Board (the “chairing member”);
 - b) the principal of the college;
 - c) a person appointed by being elected by the teaching staff of the college from among their own number;
 - d) a person appointed by being elected by the non-teaching staff of the college from among their own number;
 - e) two persons appointed by being nominated by the Students’ Association of the college from among the students of the college; and
 - f) other members appointed by the Board.
- An appointment made in pursuance of (f) has effect only if approved by the chairing member and the Scottish Ministers.
- 3.28 All Board vacancies for membership of the Regional Board shall be filled in line with the Recruitment and Selection Policy for Board Members.
- 3.29 Upon appointment/reappointment, all Board members are required to sign a set of terms and conditions. Board members will also be required to complete an induction process within the first year following appointment, as detailed in the Induction Policy for Board Members.
- 3.30 Procedural arrangements for any elections to the Board shall be delegated to the Secretary to the Board (Appendix C).
- 3.31 Board members (except the Principal) may resign at any time, by giving notice in writing to the Chair or the Secretary to the Board.
- 3.32 Board members who are members of staff (including the Principal) or students of the College cease to be Board members if they cease to be staff or students of the College.
- 3.33 A person nominated to fill a vacancy may attend Board meetings prior to the resignation of the Board member who he or she is replacing, and may speak at meetings, but not take part in any vote on a Board item.
- 3.34 Without prejudice to the rights of any Committee to co-opt members from time to time, the Board may from time to time co-opt persons to any Committee and may at any time revoke such co-option. Any person co-opted to any Committee may attend any meeting of that Committee and take part in that Committee’s discussions. Co-optees may not chair any Committee, nor may they vote in any decisions determined by a vote of any Committee, but they shall in all other respects have equivalent status to Committee members.
- 3.35 The Board will maintain a Succession Planning Policy for Board Members to provide a framework for the planned succession of Members of the Regional Board. In doing so the Board will ensure balance in the skills and expertise which all Members bring and will consider the diversity of its membership.

Terms and Tenure of Office

- 3.36 A member of the Board (other than the Principal or Students' Association nomination) shall hold office for a period of four years.
- 3.37 Board members who have been absent without reasonable excuse from the Board for more than six months may, by resolution of the Board and notice in writing from the Chair, be removed from the Board.
- 3.38 Board members may not act as such unless and until he or she is eligible for appointment as a Board member in terms of Schedule 2 to the 1992 Act.
- 3.39 Individuals who are disqualified from being a charity trustee under Section 69 of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005; or have failed to pass a PVG check are ineligible to be a Board Member.
- 3.40 Board members shall at all times comply with:
- any duties imposed on Board members in their capacity as charity trustees pursuant to section 66 of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005;
 - any other legislation and/or statutory or regulatory guidance applicable to the College from time to time;
 - the terms of the Regional Board Code of Conduct; and
 - the Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges.

Meetings

- 3.41 The Board shall hold as many Board and Committee meetings as may be necessary for the performance of its functions and at such times, places and frequency as the Board determines.
- 3.42 The Secretary to the Board shall produce an annual programme of meetings which shall be presented to the Board for approval.
- 3.43 Meetings of the Board shall be quorate if no less than one half of the members entitled to vote at such a meeting are present. Members participating are counted in the quorum in line with the following arrangements:
1. Board members participate in a meeting or part of a meeting when they can each communicate to the other members any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting.
 2. In determining whether members are participating in a meeting, it is irrelevant where any member is or how they communicate with each other.
 3. If all the Committee members participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is.
- 3.44 If a quorum is not present, the Chair shall adjourn the meeting for 15 minutes and, after this time, if a quorum is still not present, the Chair shall have the power to decide to close the meeting or to take such items on the agenda that may require discussion on an advisory basis only, subject to a vote taken by the next quorate meeting of the Board.

3.45 The Chair shall be responsible for the general conduct of meetings and shall:

- preserve order and ensure every member has a fair hearing;
- decide upon all matters of order, competency and relevancy; and
- determine all questions of procedure in reference to which no express provision is made in legislation or under these Standing Orders.

All business at Board and Committee meetings shall be conducted through the Chair by members indicating to the Chair that they wish to speak. The Chair shall be heard without interruption.

3.46 The ruling of the Chair on all matters within his/her jurisdiction as Chair is final.

3.47 If the Chair and both Vice Chairs are absent from any meeting of the Board, the Board members present shall choose one of their numbers to act as Chair for the meeting.

3.48 Notification to Board members of the time and place of the meeting and a copy of the agenda will be sent to Board members at least five working days in advance of the meeting, or if the meeting is convened at a shorter time, then at the time it is convened.

3.49 The order of business will be determined at the start of the meeting and will generally follow the format contained in the agenda accompanying the notice calling the meeting. Matters to be raised under Any Other Business should be notified to the Chair or the Secretary to the Board prior to the meeting. Any such matters may, subject to the approval of the Chair or a Vice Chair, be considered by the Board.

3.50 An Extraordinary Meeting of the Board or a Committee may be called on the instructions of the Chair or by agreement by a majority of Board members entitled to vote at such a meeting. If there are matters requiring urgent attention, notice will be given as soon as is reasonably practicable and giving no less than two working days' notice.

3.51 If any Board member disregards the authority of the Chair or displays obstructive or offensive conduct, that Board member may be suspended for the remainder of the meeting.

3.52 Subject at all times to its constitutional arrangements and the terms of the Standing Orders, the Board shall regulate its proceedings as it thinks fit. The Chair may from time to time, adopt, amend and/or replace any procedures of the Board in respect of the regulation of proceedings.

Attendance at Meetings

3.53 The Secretary to the Board shall have oversight of all Board and Committee meetings in order to ensure meetings are conducted in accordance with legislation, terms and conditions of grant (including in relation to its Financial Memorandum, the Scottish Public Finance Manual, the Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges), the Board's Scheme of Delegation and these Standing Orders, and in order to ensure a record is kept of proceedings.

3.54 It shall be a matter for the Board or Committee to determine which College employees (with the exception of the staff Board Members who shall be invited to attend all meetings of the Board and Committees they are a member of) or other

individuals should be invited to attend any Board or Committee meeting or any part of it in an advisory capacity in order to ensure that the Board or Committee has the required advice to fulfil its functions. Where invited to do so by the Chair at the meeting, these employees or individuals may contribute to the discussion, but may not vote.

- 3.55 The Board may decide to meet privately without the Principal or any Senior Executive Team members being present. In these circumstances the Secretary to the Board shall be present at the meeting unless requested by the Chair to leave. Where the Secretary to the Board is requested to leave, there must be a clear and specific reason for this recorded in the minutes and the Chair shall ensure that appropriate arrangements are made for recording the discussion and any decisions taken at the meeting in the minutes. Staff and student Board members are permitted to attend such meetings unless they have a conflict of interest in relation to the matter being discussed.

Agenda and Papers

- 3.56 The Secretary to the Board in consultation with the Chair and Principal shall prepare the draft agenda. Other members may request for an item to be included on the agenda for discussion by submitting this to the Secretary to the Board no later than 10 working days in advance of the meeting (except in the case of an extraordinary meeting where only the urgent business notified at the time the meeting was requested will be placed on the agenda). The Secretary shall ensure that all items placed on the agenda fall within the remit of the Board or Committee.
- 3.57 All matters for consideration by the Board or Committee shall be clearly identified on the agenda as to whether it is for decision, discussion or for information purposes.

The order of business shall be:

- Apologies for absence
 - Declarations of any Potential Conflicts of Interest in relation to any agenda items
 - Approval of the minutes of the previous meeting
 - Matters arising
 - All other business with those items of business requiring approval or a decision taking precedence over items of business for noting
 - Date and time of the next meeting.
- 3.58 Board and Committee papers may be submitted by the Chair, Vice Chairs, Principal, a member of the Senior Executive Team or the Secretary to the Board. Others may also submit papers following agreement with the Chair.
- 3.59 The Secretary to the Board shall ensure the circulation of papers to Board or Committee members at least five working days prior to the meeting. Where this timescale is not possible, the Secretary to the Board shall advise members of this and advise of the reason for the delay and when papers might be expected.

Minutes

- 3.60 After each Board or Committee meeting, the draft minutes shall, normally within ten working days, be submitted to the relevant Chair for consideration in the first instance. After consideration by the relevant Chair, the draft minutes shall be circulated by email, normally within in ten working days, to all Board or Committee members. Draft minutes will then be submitted to the next meeting for approval. After

- the minutes have been approved as a correct record of the meeting to which they relate, subject to or without amendment, the relevant Chair shall sign them.
- 3.61 After the minutes have been approved, and before the next business on the agenda, any Board member may ask any question in regard to matters arising out of them. Questions shall be allowed for the purposes of information only.
- 3.62 All Committee minutes will be submitted to the Board for information and discussion at the next scheduled meeting of the Board regardless of whether the minutes are draft or have been approved by the Committee.

Quorum and Voting Rights

- 3.63 The quorum for a meeting of the Board or Committee shall be no less than one half of the members entitled to vote at such a meeting.
- 3.64 If a meeting does not have a quorum of members present 15 minutes after its scheduled start time or falls below having a quorum of members present part way through, the Chair must either adjourn the meeting to a new date and time, or proceed with the agenda, ensuring that any decisions are taken by members at the next meeting of the Committee or Board, whichever is the sooner.
- 3.65 If the Chair of the Board or Committee is not present at any meeting, a Vice Chair shall assume that role. Where a Vice Chair is not available, members shall elect from amongst themselves a Board member who is entitled to vote as the Chair of that meeting.
- 3.66 A question on when a vote is required shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members of the Board present and voting on the question and, in the case of an equal division of votes, the Chair of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.
- 3.67 Only matters identified on the agenda as requiring a decision shall, if consensus is not possible, be decided by vote.
- 3.68 In exceptional circumstances, such as for matters requiring urgent attention, and when the approval of the Board or Committee is required, decisions can be taken, with the prior agreement of the Chair, by written procedure. That is, decisions can be taken without calling a physical meeting of the Board or Committee. In such circumstances for a decision to be deemed to be taken:
- The Secretary to the Board shall email all Board members outlining the decision required, together with relevant briefing information.
 - A quorum, as defined above, must have replied to the email.
 - The Secretary to the Board shall ensure that a deadline for response is clearly specified and Board members shall endeavour to respond within that timeframe.
 - Any decisions taken in this way shall be homologated at the next relevant meeting of the Board or Committee.
- 3.69 Where a proposal is amended, voting will take place on the amendment against the proposal, or the series of amendments, in the order of the last amendment first, until a single amendment is put against the proposal. Thereafter, voting will take place upon the proposal amended. All members have a single vote.

- 3.70 No-one shall be entitled to tender his or her dissent from any decision, except at the meeting at which it has been passed; but any member not present may at the next meeting have his or her dissent recorded.
- 3.71 No proposal nor any amendment to any such proposal, shall be moved if it involves a reconsideration of any question or proposal which has been decided or adopted by the Board at any time within the preceding six months unless:
- it is moved by the Chair
 - in addition to being signed by the mover, it is signed by at least one third of the total members of the Board.
- 3.72 In the case of an equality of votes at any meeting of the Board, or Committee, the Chair/Committee Chair or, in his/her absence, the Vice Chair/Committee Vice Chair shall have a second or casting vote.
- 3.73 In the absence of the Principal, the Chair will nominate a member of the College Senior Executive Team to attend and speak at any meeting of the Board or its Committees. The nominee shall not be entitled to vote at any such meeting.
- 3.74 Staff and student members of the Board shall, unless invited to remain by the Chair, withdraw from any part of any meeting of the Board or its Committees at which the appointment, promotion, conduct, suspension, dismissal, retirement or terms and conditions of employment of any employee of the College is to be considered.
- 3.75 Meetings of the Board are not normally open to the public. At any meeting of the Board at which the College's Annual Report is presented, the Chair, with the consent of a majority of the Board members, may admit members of the public for that item.

Proceedings and Publication of Board Papers

- 3.76 Meetings shall be minuted by the Secretary to the Board or nominated deputy.
- 3.77 The Board may regulate its own proceedings and those of any Committee appointed by it. The validity of any proceedings of the Board or of any Committee appointed by them shall not be affected by any defect in the appointment of any member of the Board - or any member of such Committee or by a vacancy amongst the members of the Board.
- 3.78 The Board shall make available on the College website or for inspection at the principal office of the College, at all reasonable times, for anyone who wishes to inspect them, copies of the documents to which this sub paragraph applies:
- the agenda for any meeting of the Board or any Board Committee;
 - the draft minutes of any such meeting as approved by the Chair of the meeting;
 - the minutes of such meeting as agreed by the Board or as the case may be, the Committee; and
 - any report or document considered by such meeting.
- 3.79 There may be excluded from any item required to be made available under paragraph 3.77 above, any material relating to:
- a named person employed at or proposed to be employed at the College
 - a named student at, or candidate for admission to, the College
 - information relating to any particular applicant for, or recipient or former recipient of, any service provided by the College

- information relating to any particular applicant for, or recipient or former recipient of, any financial assistance provided by the College
- information relating to the financial or business affairs of any particular person (other than the College)
- the amount of any expenditure proposed to be incurred by the College under any particular contract for the acquisition of property or the supply of goods or services
- any terms proposed or to be proposed by or to the College in the course of negotiations for a contract for the acquisition or disposal of property or the supply of goods or services
- the identity of the College as the person offering any particular tender for a contract for the supply of goods or services
- information relating to any consultations or negotiations, or contemplated consultations or negotiations, in connection with any labour relations matter arising between the College and employees of the College
- any instructions to counsel and any opinion of counsel (whether or now in connection with any proceedings) and any advice received, information obtained or action to be taken in connection with:
 - a) any legal proceedings by or against the College, or
 - b) the determination of any matter affecting the College
(whether, in either case, proceedings have been commenced or are in contemplation)
- any action taken or to be taken in connection with the prevention, investigation or prosecution of crime
- the identity of a protected informant.

Committees

- 3.80 The Board shall appoint such Committees, as it considers necessary.
- 3.81 The Board, unless resolved otherwise, will establish, as a minimum, the following Committees:
- Audit and Risk Committee
 - Curriculum and Quality Committee
 - Finance and Resources Committee
 - Human Resources Committee
 - Remuneration Committee
 - Selection and Appointments Committee.
- 3.82 The Chair of the Board and the Principal may attend any meetings of any Committee (other than the Audit and Risk Committee, which they may only attend by invitation) but may not vote unless they are members of the Committee.
- 3.8.2 3.8.3 Committees may include persons who are not Board members but such persons will not be entitled to vote at meetings of the Committee.
- 3.84 The Standing Orders of the Board shall also be the Standing Orders of its Committees.
- 3.85 Committees shall determine or advise the Board on any matters which the Board remits to them.
- 3.86 The Chairs of Committees can request support to undertake the role from the Chair of the Regional Board and from other Committee Chairs. Support in relation to items

of Committee business is also available from relevant members of the College's Senior Executive Team.

- 3.87 Terms of Reference for the Committees can be found in Section 6 of this Manual, and detail:
- Membership
 - Quorum
 - Remit
 - Frequency of Meetings.
- 3.88 Each Committee shall review its remit annually and shall submit any proposed changes to the Board for approval.

Board Members' Interests

- 3.89 Board members may not take or hold any interest in any property held or used for the purpose of the College.
- 3.90 A Board member who has any financial or material interest in:
- the supply of work or goods to or for the purpose of the College;
 - any contract or proposed contract concerning the College; or
 - any other matter relating to the College

must, at any meeting when the item is considered, declare an interest and withdraw from the meeting, unless the Board allows the member to remain when she or he may talk on the item, but they may not vote on any question in relation to it. In considering whether to make a declaration in any proceedings, members must consider not only whether they will be influenced but whether anybody else would think that they might be influenced by the interest. Members must keep in mind that the test is whether a member of the public, acting reasonably, might think that a particular interest could influence a member's actions.

- 3.91 In accordance with the terms of the Ethical Standards in Public Life Etc. (Scotland) Act 2000, a Register of Interests will be maintained by the Secretary to the Board. Such Register of Interests shall be available for inspection at all reasonable times at the principal office of the College or as otherwise required by the Standards Commission for Scotland.
- 3.92 There will be a biannual review of the Register of Interests but, notwithstanding the annual review, it is the responsibility of members of the Board to declare all relevant information and to promptly notify any changes.
- 3.93 Guidance to Board members is provided in the Code of Conduct and Register of Interests sections of this manual.

Confidentiality of Information

- 3.94 Any information received or obtained by any person in connection with his/her functions as a Board member, or a member of any Committee, shall be treated as confidential to the Board or that Committee.

- 3.95 Papers and reports shall not be divulged or disclosed to anyone prior to meetings of the Board or its Committees. Papers, discussion and decisions agreed by the Board and its Committees to be confidential shall be separately minuted and shall not be made available to anyone other than members of the Board and the Secretary to the Board.
- 3.96 In particular, but without limitation, Board members must treat the following information as confidential and must not divulge or disclose any such information to any third party:
- personal information held about individuals;
 - information relating to a person who is, has been, or is likely to be a student of the College;
 - matters related to or concerned with legal disputes or actions concerning the College;
 - any information the disclosure of which is prohibited by anything in any enactment (including, but not limited to, the 1992 Act and any enactment contained in a subordinate instrument) or rule of law;
 - matters relating to the business of the College, its transactions and financial affairs;
 - matters relating to the business of the College's funders, partners, contractors and other third parties with which the College has or may have business or commercial relationships; and
 - matters which are identified by the Board as being confidential or which, given their nature, may be regarded as being confidential to the College.

Suspension and Review of Standing Orders

- 3.97 Any one or more provisions of the Standing Orders may be suspended, except where such suspension might lead to an action contrary to law, provided that at least two thirds of the members present entitled to vote agree to such a motion.
- 3.98 The Board shall, at least once every three years, review the Standing Orders in order to determine whether any amendments and/ or additions should be made thereto.

4. SCHEME OF DELEGATION

Preamble

- 4.1 In accordance with paragraph 12(4) of the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992 ("the 1992 Act") a board may delegate the performance of any of their functions to their chair, to any Committee appointed by them or to any member of their staff.
- 4.2 In accordance with paragraph C.8 of the Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges ("the Code") delegation of responsibilities from, and matters reserved to, the Board and its Committee must be clarified through a Scheme of Delegation including the functions delegated by the Board to the Chair, Committees, the Principal and the Secretary to the Board.

Authority Reserved to the Regional Board

- 4.3 Whilst initial discussion or consideration may take place by Committees or individuals, the Board reserves making decisions on the following matters to itself:
- determining the objectives of the Board
 - final approval of the College's Strategic Plan and Regional Outcome Agreement
 - approval of the year-end Annual Report and Accounts
 - approval of the Annual Budget
 - final consideration of the Annual Audit Report
 - approval of the High Level Strategic Risk Register
 - acquisition and disposal of heritable property, subject to approval of the Scottish Funding Council
 - appointment of Board members, in accordance with the 1992 Act and the College Sector Board Appointments: 2014 Guidance
 - appointment and removal of the Principal
 - appointment and removal of the Secretary to the Board (in accordance with paragraph D.13 of the Code)
 - approval of terms and conditions of appointment of Board members
 - approval of the Students' Association constitution and the election regulations for student officers
 - delegation of functions of the Board including remits of Committees and this Scheme of Delegation
 - the making, amendment and revocation of the Standing Orders of the Board.

Delegation to Committees

- 4.4 In accordance with paragraph 13 of Schedule 2 to the 1992 Act, the Board may establish Committees for any purpose and any such Committee may appoint Sub Committees.
- 4.5 In accordance with paragraph C.8 of the Code, the minimum Committees required are Audit, Remuneration, Finance and Nominations/Appointments.
- 4.6 Each Committee and Sub Committee shall have a clearly defined remit which shall set out the duties and responsibilities delegated. The remit must be approved by the Board. The Committee may suggest amendments to the remit, but any amendments must be approved by the Board before they are implemented.
- 4.7 The Board may delegate functions to a specific Committee and this shall be clearly detailed within the minutes of the appropriate meeting.
- 4.8 The Board reserves the right to review the Committees required and the authority delegated to them as and when it deems it appropriate to do so.
- 4.9 The minutes of each Committee meeting will be submitted to the Board for information at the next appropriate meeting. In addition, the Committee Chair shall give an update to the Board on key issues where requested to do so.

Delegation to Chair of the Regional Board

4.10 The Chair must abide by the terms and conditions of their appointment in leading the Board and ensuring its effectiveness, and in exercising any delegated authority. The Chair has delegated authority to:

- exercise judgement in the event of a need for an urgent decision during the period between Board meetings, such that:
 - an extraordinary Board meeting is called in the case of material decisions;
 - a proposal is circulated and a decision is approved by email (in accordance with the Standing Orders) and is thereafter homologated at the next Board meeting.
- on behalf of the Board, sign and date the College's Annual Report and Accounts, after Board approval, and other documents as may be required.
- represent the Board within the College and externally.
- issue communications on behalf of the Board in whatever form is appropriate, both within and out with the College.
- monitor, review and record the Principal's performance at least annually against performance measures agreed by the Board.
- monitor, review and record the Secretary to the Board's performance at least annually against performance measures agreed by the Board.
- ensure each Board member participates in an annual development meeting, facilitated by the Chair.
- initiate action further to a decision of the Board to take disciplinary action against, or suspend, the Principal or Secretary to the Board.
- initiate action further to a decision of the Board to appoint a new Principal or Secretary to the Board.

Delegation to the Principal

4.11 The Principal, as Chief Executive of the College, shall be responsible for the operational management of the College subject to strategic and policy direction by the Board and the terms of any specific authority reserved to the Board. The Principal may in turn delegate tasks as appropriate to staff, including the Secretary to the Board.

4.12 The Principal has delegated authority to:

General Management

- as appropriate, take such measures as may be required in emergencies, subject to advising the Chair where possible and homologation at the appropriate Committee or to the Board as soon as possible thereafter, on any items for which approval of the Committee or the Board would normally be necessary.
- facilitate the management of the College and its provision of services within the framework determined by the College's Strategic Plan and Regional

Outcome Agreement, the approved budget, and any other policies and strategies determined by the Board.

- consult on behalf of the Board with representatives from key organisations, local and national, about the priorities contained within the College's Strategic Plan and Regional Outcome Agreement prior to final approval by the Board.
- respond on behalf of the Board to consultative documents that may be sent to the College by the Scottish Government, the Scottish Funding Council or other external agencies.
- incur expenditure in making visits and the provision of reasonable hospitality to representatives of other Colleges, organisations and companies, taking into account the principles of the Bribery Act 2010.
- give a direction in special circumstances that any member of staff shall not exercise a delegated function.
- take out membership of and attend meetings of outside bodies and professional associations where it is compatible with the duties of Principal and in the interests of the College to do so.
- authorise the issue of press releases for publication and broadcasting on behalf of the College.
- authorise the publication of any document on behalf of the College.
- engage the services of outside persons, firms or organisations and enter into contracts and sign all deeds and other documents binding the Board for all purposes except those where the power to engage such services is not delegated to a Committee or is not reserved to the Board.
- raise funds for and supply them to any of the activities which the Board has power to undertake.
- provide courses as required by outside agencies and negotiate appropriate charges for these.
- determine the dates of the College holidays and other details of the College's academic calendar.
- appoint a senior member of staff to deputise for the Principal during periods of planned absence.

Staff Management

- determine an appropriate staff structure for the College consistent with the conditions of employment that currently apply after consultation and where appropriate, negotiation with representatives of recognised trade unions.
- consult and negotiate with representatives of recognised trade unions on behalf of the Board.

- establish procedures for the appointment of College staff in circumstances where the power to appoint has not been delegated to a Committee or is not reserved to the Board.
- supervise, manage and deploy staff within the College and arrange appropriate induction and training for College staff.
- establish procedures for taking disciplinary action against College staff up to and including dismissal subject to complying with the policies laid down by the Board.
- grant unpaid leave of absence to any member of College staff in accordance with the relevant policies laid down by the Board.
- represent the Board in negotiating and implementing conditions of service in relation to relevant College staff, including participation in national collective bargaining.
- approve the secondment of College staff to external agencies in accordance with relevant policies laid down by the Board and to approve the appointment, where necessary, of a temporary replacement for the duration of the secondment.
- in exceptional circumstances, agree individual severance arrangements with staff, taking into account limits set by the Scottish Funding Council and functions delegated to the Board or a Committee.
- establish any other procedures required for the orderly management of College staff.

Student Management

- arrange for the provision of appropriate curriculum and support services for students and clients.
- administer, in accordance with any policy determined by the Scottish Government or the Scottish Funding Council or the Board the disbursement of monies to students attending the College.
- administer, in accordance with any policy of the Board, the provision of financial or other assistance to students of the College.
- set and amend as necessary the level of tuition fees, examination expenses, maintenance and contribution scales for all courses offered by the College and to waive or grant remission of such fees or expenses in special cases within guidelines set by the Board.
- authorise students and to make grants to students, to enable them to attend courses and conferences, and to undertake educational visits and excursions within the UK or abroad, within approved budgets and policies of the Board.
- take appropriate disciplinary action including exclusion, against students in accordance with any policies of the Board.

- provide financial or other assistance to the Students' Association of the College within the terms approved by the Board.

Property Management

- allocate accommodation within the College in order to meet student and staff needs and to arrange for any necessary alterations or adaptations to College property.
- apply to the appropriate authority for any necessary statutory consents.
- grant any way leave or servitude over property of the College on such terms as may be appropriate.
- grant the use of College accommodation to outside bodies or persons for the purpose of holding meetings and functions on such terms and conditions as are reasonable in the circumstances.

Financial Management

- take personal responsibility for ensuring the proper and effective operation of financial, planning and management controls, and for giving effect to the Board's policies for securing the efficient, economical and effective management of all the College's income, assets and expenditure. This includes agreeing Board approved budgetary limits.
- act at all times in compliance with the Financial Memorandum, Conditions of Grant, Scottish Public Finance Manual and to follow the College's Financial Regulations, taking particular account of the delegated financial limits.
- enter into and negotiate contracts and other binding arrangements for the supply of goods and services (whether bought, leased, hired or otherwise acquired) to the College or to authorise another to enter into such contracts up to a value of the relevant EU Procurement threshold or Board approved budgetary limits and all in accordance with the College's financial regulations.
- terminate contracts, when it is in the best interests of the College to do so.
- check the financial standing of potential contractors.
- dispose of assets up to the value of the delegated financial limit as set out in the Finance Regulations and in line with the requirements of the Scottish Public Finance Manual.
- administer any educational endowment which transferred to and vested in the Board in terms of Section 19(1) of the 1992 Act.
- take out any necessary insurances to protect the interests of the College.
- settle any claims whether or not such claims are insured or whether or not a court action has been raised.
- spend public funds only for the purposes for which they were given and in accordance with any terms and conditions attached to them.

- arrange for the presentation to the Board for approval an Annual Budget of income and expenditure, including revenue and capital, and to give regular updates on income and expenditure account, balance sheet and cash flow statement.
- arrange for the preparation, audit and presentation to the Board of Accounts following the end of each financial year in compliance with the requirements of the Accounts Direction and encompassing Audit Scotland and the Scottish Funding Council instruction.
- report to the Scottish Funding Council should the Board adopt a policy or commission an action which is incompatible with the terms of the Financial Memorandum or the Scottish Public Finance Manual, or which would infringe on the requirements of propriety or regularity, and report to the Board in writing on such matters being considered and advise the Board that, should it wish to choose to continue with the policy or action, then as Accounting Officer he or she must report the Board's intentions to the Scottish Funding Council in writing.

Absence of the Principal

- 4.13 In the absence of the Principal, the Senior Executive Team shall ensure that the essential functions and delegated authorities of the Principal are carried out with due regard to any relevant provisions of the Financial Memorandum with Fundable Bodies in the College Sector.
- 4.14 After a period of four weeks' unplanned continuous absence of the Principal, the Board shall designate a Vice Principal as the accountable officer for the duration of the Principal's absence, ensuring that the Scottish Funding Council is advised of such absence at the earliest opportunity.

Delegation to the Secretary to the Board

- 4.15 The Secretary to the Board has delegated authority to:
- administer, circulate, retain and publish as appropriate the records of all Board and Committee business.
 - undertake appropriate actions to ensure that the Board is sufficiently informed of its obligations as defined in legislation, the terms and conditions of grant, the Scottish Public Finance Manual, the Code and the Standing Orders.
 - administer staff elections to the Board and act as returning officer.
 - act as Standards Officer in accordance with Advice on the Role of a Standards Officer (issued by the Standards Commission for Scotland).
 - in accordance with the Code, report any unresolved concerns about the governance of a body to the relevant funding body (i.e. the Scottish Funding Council).

Absence of the Secretary to the Board

- 4.16 In the absence of the Secretary to the Board, the Board shall agree temporary arrangements that can be put in place either by appointing a staff member to fulfil the delegated functions, or by making such other arrangements as may be required.

5. EVALUATION

- 5.1 The following evaluation activities for the Board and its Committees are designed to be both reflective and forward looking.
- 5.2 The Board will undertake an annual self-evaluation, which will include a review of its effectiveness against the Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges and the development of an action plan for improvement.
- 5.3 Each Board Committee will undertake an annual self-evaluation reflecting upon performance against remit and the provision of Executive support which will feed into the Board's annual self-evaluation.
- 5.4 The Board will evaluate, on an annual basis, the effectiveness of the Chair. This process will be led by the Senior Independent Member and will provide all Board Members with an opportunity to comment on the Chair's performance through the use of an anonymous online questionnaire. The Principal will also be asked to provide a commentary on the effectiveness of their relationship with the Chair.
- 5.5 In line with the Code of Good Governance for Scotland's College, the Chair will also be evaluated by the Scottish Government.
- 5.6 The Chair will conduct annual one to one meetings with each Board member to discuss performance and training and development needs. Members who hold the office of Committee Chair will also be evaluated on this role at this time including the observations of Committee Members in relation to Chairs' performance through the use of an anonymous online questionnaire.
- 5.7 The Governance Steering Group, on behalf of the Board, will evaluate, on an annual basis, the effectiveness of the Secretary to the Board. This process will be led by the Chair.
- 5.8 An annual Chairs Meeting will be held at the end of each academic year which will provide key evidence for the Board and Committee self-evaluations and related action plans for areas of development.
- 5.9 The Board's evaluation processes will take into account the "Guidance Notes for Boards in the College Sector: A Board Development Framework" and sector good practice the Board becomes aware of.
- 5.10 The Board will ensure that an externally facilitated evaluation of its effectiveness is undertaken at least every three years.

6. REGIONAL BOARD CODE OF CONDUCT

Introduction to the Code of Conduct

- 6.1 The Scottish public has a high expectation of those who serve on the boards of public bodies and the way in which they should conduct themselves in undertaking their duties for the public body. You, as a member of the Regional Board of North East Scotland College must meet those expectations by ensuring that your conduct is above reproach.
- 6.2 The Ethical Standards in Public Life etc. (Scotland) Act 2000 provides for new Codes of Conduct for local authority councillors and members of relevant public bodies; imposes on councils and relevant public bodies a duty to help their members to comply with the relevant code; and establishes a Standards Commission for Scotland to oversee the new framework and deal with alleged breaches of the codes.
- 6.3 As a member of the Regional Board, it is your responsibility to make sure that you are familiar with, and that your actions comply with, the provisions of this Code of Conduct.

Guidance on the Code of Conduct

- 6.4 Board members must observe the rules of conduct and it is each member's personal responsibility to comply with the rules contained in the Code.
- 6.5 Board members must review regularly their collective performance, and at least annually, their personal circumstances with this in mind, particularly when your circumstances change. Members must not at any time advocate or encourage any action contrary to this Code of Conduct.
- 6.6 The key principles listed below provide additional information on how the principles should be interpreted and applied in practice. The Standards Commission for Scotland may also issue guidance. No Code can provide for all circumstances and if uncertain Board members should seek advice from the Secretary to the Board. Members may also choose to consult their own legal advisers and, on detailed financial and commercial matters, seek advice from other relevant professionals.

Enforcement

- 6.7 Part 2 of the Ethical Standards in Public Life etc. (Scotland) Act 2000 sets out the provisions for dealing with alleged breaches of this Code of Conduct and the sanctions that shall be applied if the Standards Commission for Scotland finds that there has been a breach of this Code. Those sanctions are outlined in Appendix A.

Key Principles of the Code of Conduct

- 6.8 The general principles upon which this Code is based should be used for guidance and interpretation only. These general principles are:

Duty

You have a duty to uphold the law and act in accordance with the law and the public trust placed in you. You have a duty to act in the interests of the Regional Board and in accordance with the core functions and duties of the public body.

Selflessness

You have a duty to take decisions solely in terms of public interest. You must not act in order to gain financial or other material benefit for yourself, family or friends.

Integrity

You must not place yourself under any financial, or other, obligation to any individual or organisation that might reasonably be thought to influence you in the performance of your duties.

Objectivity

You must make decisions solely on merit and in a way that is consistent with the functions of the public body when carrying out public business including making appointments, awarding contracts or recommending individuals for rewards and benefits.

Accountability and Stewardship

You are accountable for your decisions and actions to the public. You have a duty to consider issues on their merits, taking account of the views of others and must ensure that the Regional Board uses its resources prudently and in accordance with the law.

Openness

You have a duty to be as open as possible about your decisions and actions, giving reasons for your decisions and restricting information only when the wider public interest clearly demands.

Honesty

You have a duty to act honestly. You must declare any private interests relating to your public duties and take steps to resolve any conflicts arising in a way that protects the public interest.

Leadership

You have a duty to promote and support these principles by leadership and example, to maintain and strengthen the public's trust and confidence in the integrity of the Regional Board and its members in conducting public business.

Respect

You must respect fellow members of the Regional Board and employees of the Regional Board and the role they play, treating them with courtesy at all times. Similarly you must respect members of the public when performing duties as a member of the Regional Board. You should apply the principles of this Code to your dealings with fellow members of the Board of Management, its employees and other stakeholders. Similarly you should also observe the principles of this Code in dealings with the public when performing duties as a member of the Regional Board.

General Conduct

- 6.9 The rules of good conduct in this section must be observed in all situations where you act as a member of the public body.

Conduct at Meetings

You must respect the chair, your colleagues and employees of the public body in meetings. You must comply with rulings from the chair in the conduct of the business of these meetings.

Relationship with Board Members and Employees of the Public Body (including those employed by contractors providing services)

You will treat your fellow board members and any staff employed by the body with courtesy and respect. It is expected that fellow board members and employees will show you the same consideration in return. It is good practice for employers to provide examples of what is unacceptable behaviour in their organisation. Public bodies should promote a safe, healthy and fair working environment for all. As a board member you should be familiar with the policies of the public body in relation to bullying and harassment in the workplace and also lead by exemplar behaviour.

Remuneration, Allowances and Expenses

You must comply with any rules of the public body regarding remuneration, allowances and expenses.

Gifts and Hospitality

You must not accept any offer by way of gift or hospitality which could give rise to real or substantive personal gain or a reasonable suspicion of influence on your part to show favour, or disadvantage, to any individual or organisation. You should also consider whether there may be any reasonable perception that any gift received by your spouse or cohabitee or by any company in which you have a controlling interest, or by a partnership of which you are a partner, can or would influence your judgement. The term "gift" includes benefits such as relief from indebtedness, loan concessions or provision of services at a cost below that generally charged to members of the public.

You must never ask for gifts or hospitality.

You are personally responsible for all decisions connected with the offer or acceptance of gifts or hospitality offered to you and for avoiding the risk of damage to public confidence in your public body. As a general guide, it is usually appropriate to refuse offers except:

- (a) isolated gifts of a trivial character, the value of which must not exceed £50;
- (b) normal hospitality associated with your duties and which would reasonably be regarded as appropriate; or
- (c) gifts received on behalf of the public body.

You must not accept any offer of a gift or hospitality from any individual or organisation which stands to gain or benefit from a decision your body may be involved in determining, or who is seeking to do business with your organisation, and which a person might reasonably consider could have a bearing on your judgement.

If you are making a visit in your capacity as a member of your public body then, as a general rule, you should ensure that your body pays for the cost of the visit.

You must not accept repeated hospitality or repeated gifts from the same source.

Members of devolved public bodies should familiarise themselves with the terms of the Bribery Act 2010 which provides for offences of bribing another person and offences relating to being bribed.

Confidentiality Requirements

There may be times when you will be required to treat discussions, documents or other information relating to the work of the body in a confidential manner. You will often receive information of a private nature which is not yet public, or which perhaps would not be intended to be public. You must always respect the confidential nature of such information and comply with the requirement to keep such information private.

It is unacceptable to disclose any information to which you have privileged access, for example derived from a confidential document, either orally or in writing. In the case of other documents and information, you are requested to exercise your judgement as to what should or should not be made available to outside bodies or individuals. In any event, such information should never be used for the purposes of personal or financial gain, or for political purposes or used in such a way as to bring the public body into disrepute.

Use of Public Body Facilities

Members of public bodies must not misuse facilities, equipment, stationery, telephony, computer, information technology equipment and services, or use them for party political or campaigning activities. Use of such equipment and services etc. must be in accordance with the public body's policy and rules on their usage. Care must also be exercised when using social media networks not to compromise your position as a member of the public body.

Appointment to Partner Organisations

You may be appointed, or nominated by your public body, as a member of another body or organisation. If so, you are bound by the rules of conduct of these organisations and should observe the rules of this Code in carrying out the duties of that body.

Members who become directors of companies as nominees of their public body will assume personal responsibilities under the Companies Acts. It is possible that conflicts of interest can arise for such members between the company and the public body. It is your responsibility to take advice on your responsibilities to the public body and to the company. This will include questions of declarations of interest.

7. BOARD AND COMMITTEE TERMS OF REFERENCE

REGIONAL BOARD	
1.1	<p>Membership The membership of the Regional Board will be constituted as required by the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992 (as amended), the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 2005 (as amended) and the Post 16 Education (Scotland) Act 2013 and as per the Standing Orders</p>
1.2	<p>Quorum No less than one half of the members entitled to vote.</p>
1.3	<p>Remit</p> <p>The Regional Board shall observe constitutional arrangements as set out in legislation and the Standing Orders in all its business.</p> <p>The Regional Board must ensure compliance with the statutes, ordinances and provisions regulating the College and its framework of governance and, subject to these, take all final decisions on matters of fundamental concern to the College.</p> <p>The Regional Board is responsible for overseeing the business of the College, determining its strategic direction and fostering a safe environment in which the College's vision is achieved and the potential of all learners is maximised through the delivery of high quality learning and outcomes. The Regional Board must also ensure that the College has in place effective management and financial controls to support the student experience within a framework of public accountability and transparency.</p> <p>The Regional Board shall:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine the College's vision, strategic direction, educational character, values and ethos • Identify strategic priorities and provide direction within a structured planning framework • Safeguard the financial and institutional sustainability of the College by ensuring that funds are used as economically, efficiently and effectively as possible, and that effective monitoring arrangements are in place • Ensure there is a common approach to the management of risk throughout the College through the development, implementation and embedding within the organisation of a formal, structured risk management process • Monitor agreed key performance indicators to determine if the College's vision and values are being fulfilled and the interests of stakeholders are being met • Work in partnership to secure the coherent provision of high quality fundable further and higher education across the region • Provide leadership in equality and diversity • Ensure that the College conducts its operations in such a way, so far as is reasonably practicable, that employees, students and others who may be affected by its activities are not exposed to risks to their health and safety • Determine the Board's position regarding National Collective Bargaining and ensure that this is communicated to the Employers' Association.

	<p>In observance of the Scheme of Delegation, the Regional Board reserves making decisions on the following matters to itself, upon advice from or recommendation by the relevant Committee where appropriate and must not be delegated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • determining the objectives of the Board • final approval of the College’s Strategic Plan and Regional Outcome Agreement • approval of the year-end Annual Report and Accounts • approval of the Annual Budget • final consideration of the Annual Audit Report • approval of the Strategic Risk Register • acquisition and disposal of heritable property, subject to approval of the SFC • appointment of Board Members • appointment and removal of the Principal and Chief Executive • appointment and removal of the Secretary to the Board • approval of terms and conditions of appointment of Board Members • approval of the Students’ Association constitution and the election regulations for student officers • delegation of functions of the Board including remits of Committees and this Scheme of Delegation • the making, amendment and revocation of the Standing Orders of the Board • approval of the awarding of contracts over a value of £250,000 • approval of the College’s capital programme.
<p>1.4</p>	<p>Meetings/Reporting</p> <p>The Regional Board shall meet a minimum of four times per year. The Regional Board will normally hold two Strategy Events during each academic year.</p>

COMMITTEE TERMS OF REFERENCE

AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE	
1.1	<p>Membership A minimum of 6 Members, one of whom shall be appointed Committee Chair.</p> <p>The internal audit service provider and representatives of the external auditor will be expected to attend meetings of the Audit and Risk Committee and to be provided with the agenda and papers for meetings.</p>
1.2	<p>Quorum No less than one half of the members entitled to vote.</p>
1.3	<p>Remit</p> <p>General The Audit and Risk Committee shall make its recommendations to the Regional Board as appropriate. The Committee shall make its decisions and report these to the Regional Board. The Audit and Risk Committee shall observe the Standing Orders in all its business.</p> <p>The Audit and Risk Committee is established in accordance with the Financial Memorandum between the Scottish Funding Council (SFC) and the Regional Board of North East Scotland College.</p> <p>The Audit and Risk Committee is an advisory body with no executive powers, and will adopt and ensure compliance with Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice.</p> <p>Specific Duties The following provides a summary of the main duties of the Audit and Risk Committee</p> <p>Internal Control</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reviewing and advising the Regional Board of the Internal Audit Services (IAS) and the external auditor's assessment of the effectiveness of the College's financial and other internal control systems, including controls specifically to prevent or detect fraud or other irregularities as well as those for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness reviewing and advising the Regional Board on its compliance with corporate governance requirements and good practice guidance. <p>Internal Audit</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Advising the Regional Board on the selection, appointment or reappointment and remuneration, or removal of the IAS provider where the service is contracted-out • Advising the Regional Board on the terms of reference for the IAS; reviewing the scope, efficiency and effectiveness of the work of internal audit, considering the adequacy of the resourcing of internal audit and advising the Regional Board on these matters • Advising the Regional Board of the Audit and Risk Committee's approval of the basis for and the results of the internal audit planning process • Reviewing the IAS's monitoring of management action on the implementation of agreed recommendations reports in internal audit assignment reports and internal audit annual reports

- Considering salient issues arising from internal audit assignment reports, progress reports, annual reports and management's response thereto and informing the Regional Board thereof
- Informing the Regional Board of the Audit and Risk Committee's approval of the IAS's annual report
- Ensuring establishment of appropriate performance measures and indicators to monitor appropriate liaison and co-ordination between internal and external audit
- Ensuring good communication between the Committee, the Head of IAS and the external auditor
- Responding appropriately to notification of fraud or other improprieties received from the Head of IAS or other persons.

External Audit

- In conjunction with the Finance & Resources Committee, considering and approving the College's annual financial statements and the external auditor's report prior to submission to the Regional Board. (This should include consideration of the external audit opinion, the Statement of Member's Responsibilities and any relevant issue raised in the external auditor's management letter)
- Reviewing the external auditor's annual Management Letter and monitoring management action on the implementation of the agreed recommendations contained therein
- Advising the Regional Board of salient issues arising from the external auditor's management letter and any other external audit reports and of management's response thereto
- Reviewing the statement of corporate governance as part of the consideration of the College's annual financial statements
- Reviewing the external audit strategy and plan
- Holding discussions with external auditors and ensuring their attendance at Audit and Risk Committee and Regional Board meetings as required
- Considering the objectives and scope of any non-statutory audit work undertaken or to be undertaken, by the external auditor's firm and advising the Regional Board of any potential conflict of interest
- Securing appropriate liaison and co-ordination between external and internal audit.

Value for Money

- Establishing and overseeing a review process for evaluating the effectiveness of the College's arrangements for securing the economical, efficient and effective management of the College's resources and the promotion of best practice and protocols, and reporting to the Regional Board thereon
- Advising the Regional Board on potential topics for inclusion in a programme to undertake individual assignments considering the required expertise and experience
- Advising the Regional Board of action that it may wish to consider in the light of national value for money studies in the further education sector.

Risk Management

- Reviewing the Risk Management Policy, ahead of its consideration by the Regional Board
- The Committee will be responsible for satisfying itself that risks are being managed and will seek assurance on the adequacy of their management, including from Internal and External Auditors and the Senior Executive Team.

	<p>Governance</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reviewing the College’s governance arrangements in line with the Code of Good Governance for Scotland’s Colleges. <p>Advice to the Board</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reviewing the College’s compliance with the Code of Audit Practice and advising the Board on this • Producing an annual report for the Regional Board • Advising the Board of significant, relevant reports from the SFC, Audit Scotland and the Auditor General and, where appropriate, management’s response thereto • Reviewing reported cases of impropriety to establish whether they have been appropriately handled.
1.4	<p>Meetings / Reporting</p> <p>The Audit and Risk Committee will normally meet at least four times per year.</p> <p>The Chair of the Finance and General Purposes Committee may attend meetings of the Audit and Risk Committee in an observer’s role.</p> <p>Once a year, subsequent to a meeting of the Audit and Risk Committee, Lay members of the Audit and Risk Committee will meet with the internal audit service provider and representatives of the external auditor. The Chair of the Board of Management may elect to attend this meeting.</p> <p>At its discretion, the Audit and Risk Committee may sit privately without any non-Members present for all or part of a meeting if they so decide.</p> <p>The Audit and Risk Committee will report to the Regional Board on a regular basis, and the Audit Chair will produce an Annual Report for submission to the Board following the end of the financial year.</p>
1.5	<p>Senior Management Support</p> <p>The following member of the Senior Executive Team provides objective, specialist advice to support the Committee to discharge its remit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vice Principal – Finance & Resources

CURRICULUM AND QUALITY COMMITTEE	
1.1	<p>Membership A minimum of 5 Members, one of whom shall be appointed as Committee Chair Principal Up to two Staff and up to two Student Board Members</p>
1.2	<p>Quorum No less than one half of the members entitled to vote.</p>
1.3	<p>Remit</p> <p>General The Committee shall make its recommendations to the Regional Board as appropriate. The Committee shall make its decisions and report these to the Regional Board. The Committee shall observe the Standing Orders in all its business.</p> <p>Specific Duties The Committee has overall responsibility for maintaining a strategic overview of the College's curriculum offer and its development, and monitoring the quality of the student experience. The Curriculum & Quality Committee shall:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide critical strategic direction and support for the College's improvement agenda • Maintain oversight of the College's approach to curriculum planning, review and development • Ensure that the College undertakes effective external engagement with key stakeholders to support evidence based approaches to curriculum and quality related developments • Monitor key College student activity, student outcome and quality related performance indicators, including the consideration of national benchmarking data where available • Ensure that appropriate mechanisms are in place for the effective oversight of the quality and inclusivity of the learning experience in the College • Monitor progress against the College's Enhancement Plan • Support meaningful ongoing engagement and dialogue with students, the Students' Association and, as appropriate, staff in relation to the quality of the student experience • Consider the results of key student surveys and monitor related action plans that impact on the quality of learners' experience • Ensure that learners are effectively supported to achieve the best possible outcomes • Support and monitor the implementation of the Partnership Agreement between the College and the Students' Association • Consider and approve the Students' Association annual budget proposal ahead of its inclusion in the College's draft annual budget • Review, approve and monitor the implementation of the College's Business Development, Learning & Teaching, and Marketing & Communication Strategies • Receive, as appropriate, reports from the Curriculum & Quality Action Team, Student Engagement Action Group, Learning & Development Action Team, Equality Action Team, and Student Support Action Team

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that, on behalf of the Regional Board, the College is addressing relevant national and regional economic, education, and skills related strategies, policies and priorities, including those local to College Campuses.
1.4	<p>Meetings</p> <p>The Curriculum & Quality Committee will normally meet at least three times per year.</p>
1.5	<p>Management Support</p> <p>The following members of the Wider Executive Group and Leadership Team provide objective, specialist advice to support the Committee to discharge its remit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vice Principal – Curriculum & Learners • Directors of Learning • Director of Business Development • Director of Quality

FINANCE AND RESOURCES COMMITTEE	
1.1	<p>Membership A minimum of 6 Members, one of whom shall be appointed as Committee Chair Principal One Staff and one Student Member</p> <p>The Chair of the Finance and Resources Committee is precluded from serving on the Audit and Risk Committee.</p>
1.2	<p>Quorum No less than one half of the members entitled to vote.</p>
1.3	<p>Remit</p> <p>General The Committee shall make its recommendations to the Regional Board as appropriate. The Committee shall make its decisions and report these to the Regional Board. The Committee shall observe the Standing Orders in all its business.</p> <p>Specific Duties The Committee has overall responsibility (within the Financial Memorandum between the College and the Scottish Funding Council (SFC)) for the direction and oversight of the College's financial affairs. The Finance and Resources Committee shall:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitor the College's financial position • Review and monitor the Colleges' key financial performance indicators, student funding performance indicators, and student activity performance indicators • Monitor performance against specific targets relating to the generation of commercial income as defined by the College • Consider and recommend the College budget for the following financial year to the Regional Board • Consider the College's annual financial performance through the Annual Financial Statements • In conjunction with the Audit & Risk Committee, consider and approve the College's annual financial statements and the external auditor's report prior to submission to the Regional Board • Consider the proposed SFC Financial Forecast Return (FFR) and make recommendations to the Regional Board • Review, on behalf of the Regional Board, long term financial plans and consider a range of strategic financial scenarios as presented by the College Management • Approve and review the College's Finance Strategy • Maintain a continuous review of the College's Financial Regulations, through the Vice Principal – Finance and Resources, and advise the Regional Board of any additions or changes necessary • Approve annually, all course fees (other than those fixed by statutory regulations) • Approve fee waivers on behalf of the Regional Board • Approve the write-off of individual bad debts in excess of £3,000 • Oversee cash management and the Scottish Government Banking Service • Agree and monitor the College's insurance arrangements • Approve the award of contracts with a value of £100,000 to £249,999 • Consider and monitor the College's Estates Strategy (including capital proposals and major capital works) making recommendations to the Regional Board as appropriate

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that the College's existing buildings and estates comply with statutory and regulatory requirements, are maintained to an appropriate standard and remain fit for purpose • Approve any new aspect of business, or proposed establishment of a company or joint venture, which requires an investment in buildings, resources or staff time of more than £100,000.
1.4	<p>Meetings</p> <p>The Finance and Resources Committee will normally meet at least three times per year.</p>
1.5	<p>Senior Management Support</p> <p>The following member of the Senior Executive Team provides objective, specialist advice to support the Committee to discharge its remit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vice Principal – Finance & Resources

HUMAN RESOURCES COMMITTEE	
1.1	<p>Membership A minimum of 5 Members, one of whom shall be appointed Committee Chair Principal One Staff and one Student Board Member</p>
1.2	<p>Quorum No less than one half of the members entitled to vote.</p>
1.3	<p>Remit</p> <p>General The Committee shall make its recommendations to the Regional Board as appropriate. The Committee shall make its decisions and report these to the Regional Board. The Committee shall observe the Standing Orders in all its business.</p> <p>Specific Duties The Committee has overall responsibility for the direction and oversight of all human resource matters relating to the function of the Regional Board as employer of the College's staff. The Human Resources Committee shall:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitor the implementation of the College's People Strategy • Monitor key performance indicators with regard to HR and OD objectives and College staff • Monitor staff-related equality data • Ensure that the College maintains positive employer relations through the implementation of its approach to employee engagement • Ensure that the College promotes the physical and mental wellbeing of its staff • Maintain oversight of organisational and staff development activities within the College • Approve the College's annual Equal Pay Statement and Policy, Occupational Segregation and Gender Pay Gap Reports • Approve College HR policies and procedures as appropriate • Monitor progress against the HR & OD Enhancement Plan • Undertake appropriate monitoring to ensure that the College meets all legislative duties in relation to human resources • Monitor progress against the implementation of the outcomes of National Collective Bargaining.
1.4	<p>Meetings The Human Resources Committee will normally meet twice per year.</p>
1.5	<p>Management Support The following member of the Leadership Team provides objective, specialist advice to support the Committee to discharge its remit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Director of People Services

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	
1.1	<p>Membership</p> <p>Chair of Regional Board Vice Chairs of Regional Board Chair of the Curriculum & Quality Committee Chair of the Finance & Resources Committee Chair of the Human Resources Committee, who shall be appointed as Committee Chair Staff Representative Student Representative</p>
1.2	<p>Quorum 4 members</p>
1.3	<p>Remit</p> <p>The Remuneration Committee shall:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Advise the Board and make recommendations on matters relating to the pay, conditions of service and structure of the College's Senior Executive Team and such other staff as the Regional Board may from time to time determine; • Seek comparative information on salaries and other emoluments and conditions of service in the FE sector; • Ensure that the performance of the Principal as head of the College is assessed on an annual basis; • Oversee severance arrangements for senior staff and ensure that account is taken of the SFC Guidance on Severance Arrangements in respect of senior staff. Where consideration of severance arrangements is delegated, to ensure that the boundaries of delegated authority are clear, and to receive formal reports of any severance arrangements.
1.4	<p>Meetings</p> <p>The Remuneration Committee will meet as required.</p>

SELECTION AND APPOINTMENTS COMMITTEE	
1.1	<p>Membership</p> <p>Chair of Regional Board Vice Chairs of Regional Board Chair of Audit & Risk Committee Chair of the Finance & Resources Committee Chair of the Curriculum & Quality Committee Chair of the Human Resources Committee Equality & Diversity Champion</p>
1.2	<p>Quorum 3 members</p>
1.3	<p>Remit</p> <p>The Selection and Appointments Committee shall:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support the process by which Regional Board Members are recruited, selected, and recommended for appointment; • Advise the Regional Board on matters relating to the appointment of the Chairs, Vice Chairs and membership of the Board's Committees; • Where the Regional Board so determines, provide assistance in identifying, selecting and recommending candidates for appointment to senior staff positions in the College, and to senior positions in College subsidiaries or any other body to which the College is entitled to make appointments.
1.4	<p>Meetings</p> <p>The Selection and Appointments Committee will meet as required.</p>

8. GOVERNANCE STEERING GROUP

GOVERNANCE STEERING GROUP	
1.1	Membership Chair of Regional Board, who shall be appointed as Group Chair Vice Chairs of Regional Board Equality and Diversity Champion Senior Independent Member
1.2	Remit The Governance Steering Group will support the Regional Board in maintaining high standards of governance. The Governance Steering Group shall: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Consider and approve amendments to the Regional Board's Governance Manual• Ensure that the Regional Board complies with the Code of Good Governance for Scotland's Colleges• Consider implications of legislative changes and advise the Regional Board accordingly• Provide a forum to consider any governance issues that arise centrally or in other college regions and any possible related implications or considerations for the Regional Board of North East Scotland College• Consider the Board's succession planning arrangements.
1.3	Meetings The Governance Steering Group will meet a minimum of four times during each academic year, with meetings scheduled to be held ahead of each meeting of the Regional Board.

9. COLLEGE COMPANIES

Aberdeen Skills and Enterprise Training (ASET)

- 9.1 The College's Regional Board is also required to approve the Memorandum of Understanding between the College and ASET, the Policy on the Appointment of Directors of ASET, any amendments to ASET's Articles of Association, and the appointment of external auditors of ASET.
- 9.2 As the Company's sole shareholder, the College's Regional Board is invited to attend the Annual General Meeting at which attendees are asked to consider and, if so minded, approve the Company's Annual Directors' Report and Financial Statements, and the payment of dividend.

Clinterty Estates Limited (CEL)

- 9.3 As the Company's sole shareholder, the College's Regional Board is invited to attend the Annual General Meeting at which attendees are asked to consider and, if so minded, approve the Company's Annual Directors' Report and Financial Statements, and the payment of dividend.

APPENDIX A

SANCTIONS AVAILABLE TO THE STANDARDS COMMISSION FOR BREACH OF THE CODE

Censure – the Commission may reprimand the member but otherwise take no action against them;

Suspension – of the member for a maximum period of one year from attending one or more, but not all, of the following:

- all meetings of the Board of Management;
- all meetings of one or more committees or sub-committees of the Board of Management; or
- all meetings of any other public body on which that member is a representative or nominee of the Board of Management.

Suspension – for a period not exceeding one year, the member's entitlement to attend all of the meetings referred to above.

Disqualification – removing the member from membership of the Board of Management for a period of no more than 5 years.

Where a member has been suspended, the Commission may direct that any remuneration or allowance received from membership of the Board of Management be reduced, or not paid.

Where the Commission disqualifies a member of the Board of Management, it may go on to impose the following further sanctions:

- Where the member of the Board of Management is also a councillor, the Commission may disqualify that member (for a period of no more than five years) from their public body and terminating being nominated for election as, or from being elected, a councillor. Disqualification of a councillor has the effect of disqualifying that member from membership of any committee, subcommittee, joint committee, joint board or any other body on which that member sits as a representative of their local authority.
- Direct that the member be removed from membership, and disqualified in respect of membership, of any other devolved public body (provided the members' code applicable to that body is then in force) and may disqualify that person from office.

In some cases the Standards Commission do not have the legislative powers to deal with sanctions, for example if the respondent is an executive member of the board or appointed by the Queen. Sections 23 and 24 of the Ethical Standards in Public Life etc. (Scotland) Act 2000 refer. Full details of the sanctions are set out in Section 19 of the Act.

APPENDIX B

SENIOR INDEPENDENT MEMBER ROLE DESCRIPTION

The Senior Independent Member (SIM) is appointed by the Board as a whole to provide advice and guidance to the Board Chair, as required and on its members' behalf, in order to support good standards of corporate governance and the maintenance of collective responsibility. Situations in which that advice and guidance may be required include:

- a) Leading the annual appraisal of the Board Chair, including ensuring
 - i. All Board Members and the Principal have an opportunity to express their views on the Chair's performance over the last year and areas for development over the coming 12 months
 - ii. The Chair is given the opportunity to understand and discuss the collective views with the SIM
 - iii. An annual development plan is agreed with the Chair and the SIM ensures the Board is informed of its content
 - iv. If required, the SIM facilitates the provision of information from the appraisal process to the Chair's appointing body (Scottish Government or the Regional Strategic Body).

- b) Intervening with the Chair, on behalf of the Board, if Board members, the Board Secretary or senior staff are concerned that the Chair's actions are undermining good standards of corporate governance and the maintenance of collective responsibility, including if the Chair
 - i. Is unable to fulfil the responsibilities set out in the letter of appointment
 - ii. Fails to make pertinent information available to the Board as a whole
 - iii. Undermines the collective responsibility of the Board as a whole
 - iv. Acts in a manner which brings the Board into disrepute, including failing to address personal conflicts of interest
 - v. Is unable to work with the Principal to ensure that the staff of the organisation provide the Board with the service required, including adequate sources of information and assurance and delivery of performance.

- c) Acting as a sounding board for the Chair in pursuit of good standards of corporate governance and collective responsibility.

Should the SIM ever have serious concerns about the propriety, regularity or governance of the College, and these cannot be resolved satisfactorily with the Chair, they should inform the SFC.

APPENDIX C

EQUALITY AND DIVERSITY CHAMPION ROLE DESCRIPTION

Key Objectives

- To help ensure that the Board observes good practice in regard to equality and diversity
- To further embed equality and diversity in the Board's strategic and decision-making processes
- To help ensure that the Board complies with its legal obligations in regard to equality and diversity and meets the requirements of the Equality Act 2010 and the Public Sector Equality Duty.

Main Tasks

- Attend meetings of the College's Equality and Diversity Strategy Group, as appropriate, to ensure that there is effective communication between the Group and the Board of Management
- Attend meetings of the Board's Governance Steering Group, as appropriate when equality and diversity matters are being considered
- Participate in reviews of key College documentation relating to equality and diversity, such as the Equality Outcomes and the Equality and Diversity Strategy
- Attend equality and diversity training and briefings, in addition to those provided to the Board as a whole, to disseminate knowledge gained to other Board Members and to advise if changes to Board practices should be considered.

Desired Attributes

The Champion should have an interest and enthusiasm for improving their knowledge and understanding of equality and diversity and in advancing equality and diversity issues.



GOOD PRACTICE GUIDANCE FOR THE ELECTION OF STAFF MEMBERS TO BOARDS

Appointment of Teaching (Academic) and Non-Teaching (Support) Staff Members to the Board of Management of College

Election Rules

- 1 In accordance with Schedule 2 to the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992 (“Schedule 2), the Board must include two members of staff. One shall be appointed by being elected by the teaching (“academic”) staff of the college from amongst their own number and the other shall be appointed by the non-teaching (“support”) staff of the college from amongst their own number.
- 2 Paragraph 3B(1) of Schedule 2 provides that such elections must be held in accordance with rules made by the Board.
- 3 Before making, varying or replacing these Election Rules, the Board must, as required under 3B of Schedule 2, consult the representatives of any trade union which the Board recognises as being, or which otherwise appears to the Board to be, representative of the academic/support staff of the College.
- 4 Having consulted relevant representatives as required under paragraphs 3(B)(2) and (3) of Schedule 2, these election rules have been made by the Board under paragraph 3(B)(1) of Schedule 2.
- 5 For the purposes of these election rules, staff groups are defined as follows:
 - **Teaching Staff/Academic Staff** – all staff (including Managers) who are on the academic staff payroll.
 - **Non-Teaching Staff/Support Staff**– all staff (including Managers) who are on the support staff payroll.
- 6 Appointments shall proceed as follows:
 - (a) The appointment shall be made by election administered by the Returning Officer (the Returning Officer shall normally be the Secretary to the Board. Where the Secretary to the Board is unavailable, the Board must appoint another staff member to act as Returning Officer).
 - (b) The Returning Officer shall communicate to staff any vacancies that arise and request nominations for membership from the Academic or Support Staff as relevant.

- (c) Such nominations must be received by the Returning Officer by the date specified in the communication, being not less than fourteen days from the date of the communication.
 - (d) Each nomination must be signed by the nominee, the proposer and one other person all being members of the academic or support staff as appropriate. Only academic members of staff may nominate the academic member and only support staff may nominate the support staff member.
 - (e) If more than one nomination is received, the Returning Officer shall thereafter arrange for an election to be conducted using an appropriate electronic system and shall notify each member of the academic or support staff of the college as appropriate of the names of the nominees and the process to be followed.
 - (f) The election shall be completed by the date and time specified in the notice issued by the Returning Officer being not less than seven days from the date of the issue of the notice of the election. Only academic members of staff may vote for the academic member and only support staff may vote for the support staff member. All staff members who are eligible to vote shall each be entitled to one vote.
- 7 The following rules shall be followed as regards counting votes:
- (a) The Returning Officer shall offer each nominee the opportunity to be present or represented at the counting of votes.
 - (b) The counting of votes shall take place within 24 hours of the time set for the close of the election and shall be done by the Returning Officer in the presence of such nominees or their representatives as have chosen to attend.
 - (c) The nominee receiving the most votes shall be declared elected.
 - (d) In the event of a tie the election shall be decided by the drawing of cards or lots amongst the nominees with the most number of votes.
 - (e) In the event of elections for academic and support staff members being held concurrently, the counting of votes shall be done as a separate and consecutive process for each election.
 - (f) The Returning Officer may use such staff of the College as may be necessary to assist in the counting of votes.
 - (g) The names of the persons elected shall be reported to the next meeting of the Board after the election, and announced to all staff.

The 'counting of votes' may be a physical count of ballot papers where a paper system has been used, or the opening of an electronic report where an electronic voting system has been used.

- 8 The following rules shall apply in the event of a vacancy arising in respect of the appointment for a staff member:

- (a) In the event of an election requiring to be held because of the expiry of the term of office of the respective members of the Board the procedures set out above shall be completed no later than four weeks prior to the date of expiry.
- (b) In the event of an election requiring to be held because of a resignation or death of the respective members of the Board the procedures set out shall be completed no later than eight weeks after the vacancy occurs. The eight weeks excludes College vacation periods to ensure that all staff have the opportunity to participate.

Good Governance Steering Group
June 2016

APPENDIX E

REGISTER OF INTERESTS FORM

NAME OF MEMBER:
INTERESTS RELATING TO REMUNERATION:
INTERESTS RELATING TO RELATED UNDERTAKINGS:
INTERESTS RELATING TO CONTRACTS:
INTERESTS RELATING TO HOUSES, LAND AND BUILDINGS:
INTERESTS RELATING TO SHARES AND SECURITIES:
INTERESTS RELATING TO GIFTS AND HOSPITALITY:
INTERESTS RELATING TO NON-FINANCIAL INTERESTS:
DATE:

APPENDIX F

REGISTER OF INTERESTS - GUIDELINES

The following paragraphs set out the kinds of interests, financial and otherwise which you have to register. These are called “Registerable Interests”. You must, at all times, ensure that these interests are registered, when you are appointed and whenever your circumstances change in such a way as to require change or an addition to your entry in the body’s Register. It is your duty to ensure any changes in circumstances are reported within one month of them changing.

The Regulations¹ as amended describe the detail and timescale for registering interests. It is your personal responsibility to comply with these regulations and you should review regularly and at least once a year your personal circumstances. **Annex B** contains key definitions and explanatory notes to help you decide what is required when registering your interests under any particular category. The interests which require to be registered are those set out in the following paragraphs and relate to you. It is not necessary to register the interests of your spouse or cohabitee.

Category One: Remuneration

You have a Registerable Interest where you receive remuneration by virtue of being:

- employed;
- self-employed;
- the holder of an office;
- a director of an undertaking;
- a partner in a firm; or
- undertaking a trade, profession or vocation or any other work.

In relation to above, the amount of remuneration does not require to be registered and remuneration received as a member does not have to be registered.

If a position is not remunerated it does not need to be registered under this category. However, unremunerated directorships may need to be registered under category two, “Related Undertakings”.

If you receive any allowances in relation to membership of any organisation, the fact that you receive such an allowance must be registered.

When registering employment, you must give the name of the employer, the nature of its business, and the nature of the post held in the organisation.

When registering self-employment, you must provide the name and give details of the nature of the business. When registering an interest in a partnership, you must give the name of the partnership and the nature of its business.

Where you undertake a trade, profession or vocation, or any other work, the detail to be given is the nature of the work and its regularity. For example, if you write for a newspaper, you must give the name of the publication, and the frequency of articles for which you are paid.

¹ SSI - The Ethical Standards in Public Life etc. (Scotland) Act 2000 (Register of Interests) Regulations 2003 Number 135, as amended.

When registering a directorship, it is necessary to provide the registered name of the undertaking in which the directorship is held and the nature of its business.

Registration of a pension is not required as this falls outside the scope of the category.

Category Two: Related Undertakings

You must register any directorships held which are themselves not remunerated but where the company (or other undertaking) in question is a subsidiary of, or a parent of, a company (or other undertaking) in which you hold a remunerated directorship.

You must register the name of the subsidiary or parent company or other undertaking and the nature of its business, and its relationship to the company or other undertaking in which you are a director and from which you receive remuneration.

The situations to which the above paragraphs apply are as follows:

- you are a director of a board of an undertaking and receive remuneration declared under category one – and
- you are a director of a parent or subsidiary undertaking but do not receive remuneration in that capacity.

Category Three: Contracts

You have a registerable interest where you (or a firm in which you are a partner, or an undertaking in which you are a director or in which you have shares of a value as described below) have made a contract with the public body of which you are a member:

- (i) under which goods or services are to be provided, or works are to be executed; and
- (ii) which has not been fully discharged.

You must register a description of the contract, including its duration, but excluding the consideration.

Category Four: Houses, Land and Buildings

You have a registerable interest where you own or have any other right or interest in houses, land and buildings, which may be significant to, of relevance to, or bear upon, the work and operation of the body to which you are appointed.

The test to be applied when considering appropriateness of registration is to ask whether a member of the public acting reasonably might consider any interests in houses, land and buildings could potentially affect your responsibilities to the organisation to which you are appointed and to the public, or could influence your actions, speeches or decision making.

Category Five: Interest in Shares and Securities

You have a registerable interest where you have an interest in shares comprised in the share capital of a company or other body which may be significant to, of relevance to, or bear upon, the work and operation of (a) the body to which you are appointed and (b) the **nominal value** of the shares is:

- (i) greater than 1% of the issued share capital of the company or other body; or

- (ii) greater than £25,000.

Where you are required to register the interest, you should provide the registered name of the company in which you hold shares; the amount or value of the shares does not have to be registered.

Category Six: Gifts and Hospitality

You must register the details of any gifts or hospitality received within your current term of office. This record will be available for public inspection. It is not however necessary to record any gifts or hospitality as described on page 22 of this Manual.

Category Seven: Non-Financial Interests

You may also have a registerable interest if you have non-financial interests which may be significant to, of relevance to, or bear upon, the work and operation of the body to which you are appointed. It is important that relevant interests such as membership or holding office in other public bodies, clubs, societies and organisations such as trades unions and voluntary organisations, are registered and described.

In the context of non-financial interests, the test to be applied when considering appropriateness of registration is to ask whether a member of the public might reasonably think that any non-financial interest could potentially affect your responsibilities to the organisation to which you are appointed and to the public, or could influence your actions, speeches or decision-making.

DECLARATION OF INTERESTS

General

The key principles of the Code, especially those in relation to integrity, honesty and openness, are given further practical effect by the requirement for you to declare certain interests in proceedings of the public body. Together with the rules on registration of interests, this ensures transparency of your interests which might influence, or be thought to influence, your actions.

Public bodies inevitably have dealings with a wide variety of organisations and individuals and this Code indicates the circumstances in which a business or personal interest must be declared. Public confidence in the public body and its members depends on it being clearly understood that decisions are taken in the public interest and not for any other reason.

In considering whether to make a declaration in any proceedings, you must consider not only whether you will be influenced but whether anybody else would think that you might be influenced by the interest. You must, however, always comply with the **objective test** (“the objective test”) which is whether a member of the public, with knowledge of the relevant facts, would reasonably regard the interest as so significant that it is likely to prejudice your discussion or decision making in your role as a member of a public body.

If you feel that, in the context of the matter being considered, your involvement is neither capable of being viewed as more significant than that of an ordinary member of the public, nor likely to be perceived by the public as wrong, you may continue to attend the meeting and participate in both discussion and voting. The relevant interest must however be declared. It is your responsibility to judge whether an interest is sufficiently relevant to particular proceedings to require a declaration and you are advised to err on the side of

caution. If a board member is unsure as to whether a conflict of interest exists, they should seek advice from the board chair.

As a member of a public body you might serve on other bodies. In relation to service on the boards and management committees of limited liability companies, public bodies, societies and other organisations, you must decide, in the particular circumstances surrounding any matter, whether to declare an interest. Only if you believe that, in the particular circumstances, the nature of the interest is so remote or without significance, should it not be declared. You must always remember the public interest points towards transparency and, in particular, a possible divergence of interest between your public body and another body. Keep particularly in mind the advice on page 23 of this Manual about your legal responsibilities to any limited company of which you are a director.

Interests which Require Declaration

Interests which require to be declared if known to you may be financial or non-financial. They may or may not cover interests which are registerable under the terms of this Code. Most of the interests to be declared will be your personal interests but, on occasion, you will have to consider whether the interests of other persons require you to make a declaration. The paragraphs which follow deal with (a) your financial interests (b) your non-financial interests and (c) the interests, financial and non-financial, of other persons.

You will also have other private and personal interests and may serve, or be associated with, bodies, societies and organisations as a result of your private and personal interests and not because of your role as a member of a public body. In the context of any particular matter you will need to decide whether to declare an interest. You should declare an interest unless you believe that, in the particular circumstances, the interest is too remote or without significance. In reaching a view on whether the objective test applies to the interest, you should consider whether your interest (whether taking the form of association or the holding of office) would be seen by a member of the public acting reasonably in a different light because it is the interest of a person who is a member of a public body as opposed to the interest of an ordinary member of the public.

Your Financial Interests

You must declare, if it is known to you, any financial interest (including any financial interest which is registerable under any of the seven categories). If, under category one (or category seven in respect of non-financial interests), you have registered an interest

- (a) as the Principal of the College;
- (b) as a member of the teaching staff of the College having been elected from their number to the Board;
- (c) as a member of the non-teaching staff of the College having been elected from their number to the Board;
- (d) as a student of the College having been nominated by the Students' Association of the College to the Board; or in relation to any particular experience or position which was relevant to / a reason for your appointment to the public body (for example, as director of an education authority) you do not, for that reason alone, have to declare that interest.

There is no need to declare an interest which is so remote or insignificant that it could not reasonably be taken to fall within the objective test.

You must withdraw from the meeting room until discussion of the relevant item where you have a declarable interest is concluded. There is no need to withdraw in the case of an interest which is so remote or insignificant that it could not reasonably be taken to fall within the objective test.

Your Non-Financial Interests

You must declare, if it is known to you, any non-financial interest if:

- (i) that interest has been registered under category seven (Non-Financial Interests) of Section 4 of the Code; or
- (ii) that interest would fall within the terms of the objective test.

There is no need to declare an interest which is so remote or insignificant that it could not reasonably be taken to fall within the objective test.

You must withdraw from the meeting room until discussion of the relevant item where you have a declarable interest is concluded. There is no need to withdraw in the case of an interest which is so remote or insignificant that it could not reasonably be taken to fall within the objective test.

The Financial Interests of Other Persons

The Code requires only your financial interests to be registered. You also, however, have to consider whether you should declare any financial interest of certain other persons.

You must declare if it is known to you any financial interest of:-

- (i) a spouse, a civil partner or a co-habitee;
- (ii) a close relative, close friend or close associate;
- (iii) an employer or a partner in a firm;
- (iv) a body (or subsidiary or parent of a body) of which you are a remunerated member or director;
- (v) a person from whom you have received a registerable gift or registerable hospitality;
- (vi) a person from whom you have received registerable expenses.

There is no need to declare an interest if it is so remote or insignificant that it could not reasonably be taken to fall within the objective test.

You must withdraw from the meeting room until discussion of and voting on the relevant item where you have a declarable interest is concluded. There is no need to withdraw in the case of an interest which is so remote or insignificant that it could not reasonably be taken to fall within the objective test.

This Code does not attempt the task of defining “relative” or “friend” or “associate”. Not only is such a task fraught with difficulty but is also unlikely that such definitions would reflect the intention of this part of the Code. The key principle is the need for transparency in regard to any interest which might (regardless of the precise description of relationship) be objectively regarded by a member of the public, acting reasonably, as potentially affecting your responsibilities as a member of the public body and, as such, would be covered by the objective test.

The Non-Financial Interests of Other Persons

You must declare if it is known to you any non-financial interest of:-

- (i) a spouse, a civil partner or a co-habitee;
- (ii) a close relative, close friend or close associate;
- (iii) an employer or a partner in a firm;
- (iv) a body (or subsidiary or parent of a body) of which you are a remunerated member or director;
- (v) a person from whom you have received a registerable gift or registerable hospitality;
- (vi) a person from whom you have received registerable election expenses.

There is no need to declare the interest if it is so remote or insignificant that it could not reasonably be taken to fall within the objective test.

There is only a need to withdraw from the meeting if the interest is clear and substantial.

Making a Declaration

You must consider at the earliest stage possible whether you have an interest to declare in relation to any matter which is to be considered. You should consider whether agendas for meetings raise any issue of declaration of interest. Your declaration of interest must be made as soon as practicable at a meeting where that interest arises. If you do identify the need for a declaration of interest only when a particular matter is being discussed you must declare the interest as soon as you realise it is necessary.

The oral statement of declaration of interest should identify the item or items of business to which it relates. The statement should begin with the words "I declare an interest". The statement must be sufficiently informative to enable those at the meeting to understand the nature of your interest but need not give a detailed description of the interest.

Frequent Declarations of Interest

Public confidence in a public body is damaged by perception that decisions taken by that body are substantially influenced by factors other than the public interest. If you would have to declare interests frequently at meetings in respect of your role as a board member you should not accept a role or appointment with that attendant consequence. If members are frequently declaring interests at meetings then they should consider whether they can carry out their role effectively and discuss with their chair. Similarly, if any appointment or nomination to another body would give rise to objective concern because of your existing personal involvement or affiliations, you should not accept the appointment or nomination.

Dispensations

In some very limited circumstances dispensations can be granted by the Standards Commission in relation to the existence of financial and non-financial interests which would otherwise prohibit you from taking part and voting on matters coming before your public body and its committees.

Applications for dispensations will be considered by the Standards Commission and should be made as soon as possible in order to allow proper consideration of the application in advance of meetings where dispensation is sought. You should not take part in the consideration of the matter in question until the application has been granted.

LOBBYING AND ACCESS TO MEMBERS OF PUBLIC BODIES

Introduction

In order for the public body to fulfil its commitment to being open and accessible, it needs to encourage participation by organisations and individuals in the decision-making process. Clearly however, the desire to involve the public and other interest groups in the decision-making process must take account of the need to ensure transparency and probity in the way in which the public body conducts its business.

You will need to be able to consider evidence and arguments advanced by a wide range of organisations and individuals in order to perform your duties effectively. Some of these organisations and individuals will make their views known directly to individual members. The rules in this Code set out how you should conduct yourself in your contacts with those who would seek to influence you. They are designed to encourage proper interaction between members of public bodies, those they represent and interest groups.

Rules and Guidance

You must not, in relation to contact with any person or organisation that lobbies do anything which contravenes this Code or any other relevant rule of the public body or any statutory provision.

You must not, in relation to contact with any person or organisation who lobbies, act in any way which could bring discredit upon the public body.

The public must be assured that no person or organisation will gain better access to or treatment by, you as a result of employing a company or individual to lobby on a fee basis on their behalf. You must not, therefore, offer or accord any preferential access or treatment to those lobbying on a fee basis on behalf of clients compared with that which you accord any other person or organisation who lobbies or approaches you. Nor should those lobbying on a fee basis on behalf of clients be given to understand that preferential access or treatment, compared to that accorded to any other person or organisation, might be forthcoming from another member of the public body.

Before taking any action as a result of being lobbied, you should seek to satisfy yourself about the identity of the person or organisation that is lobbying and the motive for lobbying. You may choose to act in response to a person or organisation lobbying on a fee basis on behalf of clients but it is important that you know the basis on which you are being lobbied in order to ensure that any action taken in connection with the lobbyist complies with the standards set out in this Code.

You should not accept any paid work:-

- (a) which would involve you lobbying on behalf of any person or organisation or any clients of a person or organisation.
- (b) to provide services as a strategist, adviser or consultant, for example, advising on how to influence the public body and its members. This does not prohibit you from being remunerated for activity which may arise because of, or relate to, membership of the public body, such as journalism or broadcasting, or involvement in representative or presentational work, such as participation in delegations, conferences or other events.

If you have concerns about the approach or methods used by any person or organisation in their contacts with you, you must seek the guidance of the public body.

APPENDIX G

ANTI-BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION STATEMENT

Introduction

The Regional Board of North East Scotland College (the **College**) recognise that bribery and corruption has a detrimental effect on communities wherever they occur. Corrupt acts expose the College and its employees to the risk of prosecution, fines and imprisonment, as well as endangering the College's reputation.

It is the College's policy to comply with all anti-bribery and corruption laws. In line with the requirements of the UK Bribery Act 2010, the College has taken steps to introduce "adequate procedures" which are rigorously applied and reviewed to ensure that we are fully compliant.

It is the College's policy to maintain the highest level of ethical standards in the conduct of its business affairs and the College has a zero tolerance towards bribery and corruption.

Scope

The College's zero tolerance of bribery and corruption is intended to be all encompassing. It applies to all members, officers, directors, employees, agency/seconded workers, volunteers, interns, as well as any agents, contractors, external consultants, third-party representatives or other parties acting on behalf of the College or any subsidiary, of which the College has effective control, in any country that we operate. The College has developed a detailed internal policy setting out the expectations on, and responsibilities of, everyone working for or on behalf of the College.

The College also expects our business partners, sponsors, suppliers, contractors or any other person associated with us to act with integrity, and not be involved in bribery and/or corruption. We will, where appropriate, include clauses to this effect in relevant contracts.

The Statement

The College has prepared the following Anti-Bribery statement setting out clearly its position in relation to bribery and corruption.

The Regional Board of North East Scotland College prohibits: the offering, the giving, the solicitation or the acceptance of any bribe, whether cash or other inducement to or from any person or company, wherever they are situated and whether they are a public official or body or private person or company by any individual employee, agent or other person or body acting on North East Scotland College's behalf in order to gain any commercial, contractual or regulatory advantage for North East Scotland College in a way which is unethical or in order to gain any personal advantage, financial or otherwise, for the individual or anyone connected with the individual.

Responsibility

The Principal has lead responsibility for compliance with the College's obligations under the Bribery Act 2010 and this statement is signed by the Principal to demonstrate the Regional Board's commitment.

L McIntyre
Principal and Chief Executive
North East Scotland College

APPENDIX H

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

In this document the following definitions shall apply:

“**1992 Act**” means the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992.

“**2005 Act**” means the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 2005.

“**2013 Act**” means the Post 16 Education (Scotland) Act 2013.

“**The Acts**” mean the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Acts 1992 and 2005 and the Post 16 Education (Scotland) Act 2013.

“**Board**” or “**Regional Board**” means the Regional Board of North East Scotland College being a body corporate established as a board of management of a college of further education under the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992.

“**Board Member**” means a member of the Regional Board of North East Scotland College.

“**College**” means North East Scotland College.

“**Committee**” means any committee referred to in this document and any other committee established by the Board. The term “Committee member” shall be construed accordingly.

“**Financial Memorandum**” means the financial memorandum of the College as the same may be amended from time to time.

“**SFC**” means The Scottish Further and Higher Education Funding Council or any body which takes over or adopts its functions and obligations.

“**OSCR**” means the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator.

“**Remuneration**” includes any salary, wage, share of profits, fee, expenses, other monetary benefit or benefit in kind. This would include, for example, the provision of a company car or travelling expenses by an employer.

“**Undertaking**” means: a body corporate or partnership; or an unincorporated association carrying on a trade or business, with or without a view to a profit.

“**Related Undertaking**” is a parent or subsidiary company of a principal undertaking of which you are also a director. You will receive remuneration for the principal undertaking though you will not receive remuneration as director of the related undertaking.

“**Parent Undertaking**” is an undertaking in relation to another undertaking, a subsidiary undertaking, if a) it holds a majority of the voting rights in the undertaking; or b) it is a member of the undertaking and has the right to appoint or remove a majority of its board of directors; or c) it has the right to exercise a dominant influence over the undertaking (i) by virtue of provisions contained in the undertaking’s memorandum or articles or (ii) by virtue of a control contract; or (d) it is a councillor of the undertaking and controls alone, pursuant to an agreement with other shareholders or councillors, a majority of the voting rights in the undertaking.

“Group of companies” has the same meaning as “group” in section 474(1) of the Companies Act 2006. A “group”, within section 474(1) of the Companies Act 2006, means a parent undertaking and its subsidiary undertakings.

“Public body” means a devolved public body listed in Schedule 3 of the Ethical Standards in Public Life etc (Scotland) Act 2000.

“A person” means a single individual or legal person and includes a group of companies.

“Any person” includes individuals, incorporated and unincorporated bodies, trade unions, charities and voluntary organisations.

“Spouse” does not include a former spouse or a spouse who is living separately and apart from you.

“Partner” includes a person, whether of the opposite sex or not, who is living with you in a relationship similar to that of a husband or wife.

APPENDIX I

GUIDE TO KEY FUNCTIONS, CONSTITUTION AND PROCEEDINGS OF INCORPORATED COLLEGE BOARDS

Purpose

1.1 This guide describes and brings together key pieces of legislation relating to the key functions, constitution and proceedings of boards of management established under the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 1992 (“the 1992 Act”). A college with a board of management under the 1992 Act is sometimes referred to as an “incorporated college”. Some of the legislative provisions are relevant specifically to boards of regional colleges, others to boards of assigned colleges.

1.2 An incorporated college board (“a board”) derives its functions and constitution from legislation. Legislation does not give a board the power to develop or modify its constitution. What might be considered for day-to-day purposes to be a ‘board constitution’ is largely the legislative provisions that are either specific to incorporated colleges or are particularly relevant to them.

1.3 The main piece of legislation that specifically makes provisions for boards is the 1992 Act. It has over the years been amended, including by the Post-16 Education (Scotland) Act 2013 (“the 2013 Act”). The Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 2005 (“the 2005 Act”) also confers functions on boards. It has similarly been amended over the years, including by the 2013 Act.

1.4 Extracts from legislation (as amended) that are particularly pertinent to incorporated college boards have been reproduced in this annex. Yellow identifies provisions specific to regional colleges; green identifies provisions specific to assigned incorporated colleges. Non-highlighted provisions apply to all incorporated colleges.

2. ‘Core’ functions of a board

2.1 What might be considered as ‘core’ functions² of a board are set out in section 12 of the 1992 Act (see **Appendix 1**).

3. Delegation, constitution and proceedings of the board

3.1 Section 12(4) of the 1992 Act gives a board powers to delegate the performance of any of its functions to its chair, to any board committee or to any member of the college staff. This is commonly achieved through a board’s **Scheme of Delegation**.

3.2 Provisions relating to the constitution and proceedings of a board are set out in Schedule 2 to the 1992 Act (see **Appendix 2**).

3.3 Paragraph 3B of Schedule 2 to the 1992 Act requires a board to make **rules for the election of staff members to the board**, following consultation.

3.4 Paragraph 11(1) of Schedule 2 to the 1992 Act gives a board powers to regulate its own proceedings and those of any committee appointed by it. This regulation is commonly achieved through a board’s **Standing Orders**. Standing Orders should not merely restate legislative provisions, for example, those set out in Schedule 2 to the 1992 Act. Standing Orders are a means to *supplement* such regulation. Legislation does not require to be

² This is simply a convenient term to use. There is no hierarchy of function.

restated to have effect and to do so is potentially confusing because boards do *have* powers to determine Standing Orders whereas they *do not have* powers to determine legislative provisions. A board should also not seek to use Standing Orders to subvert the will of Parliament by, for example, reinstating in Standing Orders a repealed legislative provision.

4. Other Key Legislative Provisions

Regional colleges: functions

4.1 Some additional functions of a regional college board are set out in sections 23A-23D of the 2005 Act (see **Appendix 3**).

Assigned colleges: information and directions

4.2 An assigned college board has additional functions to provide information to its regional strategic body and to comply with directions issued by it under section 23N of the 2005 Act (see **Appendix 4**).

Board failure/mismanagement

4.3 Provisions relating to board failure/mismanagement are set out in section 24 of the 1992 Act (see **Appendix 5**).

Code of Governance

4.4 Provisions relating to principles of good governance for the college sector are set out under section 9B of the 2005 Act.

4.5 Ministers have required the Scottish Further and Higher Education Funding Council (commonly known as the Scottish Funding Council or “SFC”) to identify principles of good practice for publicly funded colleges and regional strategic bodies.

4.6 Publicly funded colleges are required to comply the **Code of Good Governance for Scotland’s Colleges**³ as a term and condition of grant provided by either the SFC or a regional strategic body. Regional strategic bodies are similarly required to comply with the Code.

Equality

4.7 A board is subject to section 26A of the 2005 Act, which is reproduced below (a board is a post-16 education body).

26A Equal opportunities: post-16 education bodies etc.

(1) Every post-16 education body and regional strategic body must, when making appointments to its governing body or exercising any of its other functions, do so in a manner which encourages equal opportunities and in particular the observance of the equal opportunities requirements.

³ The [Code of Good Governance for Scotland’s Colleges](#) has been identified by the SFC as the principles of good governance for the purposes of section 9B of the 2005 Act.

(2) In subsection (1), “equal opportunities” and “equal opportunity requirements” have the same meanings as in Section L2 (equal opportunities) of Part II of Schedule 5 to the Scotland Act 1998.

4.8 A board is also bound by the Equality Act 2010 and the [Equality Act 2010 \(Specific Duties\) \(Scotland\) Regulations 2012](#)⁴, which introduced specific equality duties to assist bodies to meet the general public sector equality duty. The general equality duty requires public authorities, in the exercise of their functions, to have due regard to the need to:

- eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other prohibited conduct;
- advance equality of opportunity between people who share a relevant protected characteristic and those who do not; and
- foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.

Charity

4.9 Every board is a charitable body under the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005. As such it is regulated by the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator and board members have duties under section 66 of that Act to act in the charity’s interest, subject to obeying other laws. It is a legal requirement that a board complies with directions from its regional strategic body and, as such, compliance with directions would not compromise individual board members in their capacity as charity trustees⁵.

4.10 [The Charity Test \(Specified Bodies\) \(Scotland\) Order 2008](#) (as amended) disapplies the Ministerial control aspect of the charity test in section 7 of the Act in relation to the boards of management of colleges listed in the Schedule to that Order⁶. Ministerial controls do not therefore disbar such colleges from being charities.

Ethical Standards

4.11 The Ethical Standards in Public Life etc. (Scotland) Act 2000 provides for Codes of Conduct for members of relevant public bodies and imposes on them a duty to help their members to comply with the relevant code. A board is subject to this legislation. Board members accordingly have a responsibility to make sure that they are familiar with, and that their actions comply with, the provisions of the Code of Conduct adopted by the board.

⁴ The Regulations were amended by the [Equality Act 2010 \(Specific Duties\) \(Scotland\) Amendment Regulations 2015](#) to ensure that they continue to apply to all publicly funded colleges (i.e. colleges that are generally eligible to be funded by the SFC or a regional strategic body).

⁵ The Scottish Government’s view on this is set out in a [letter published on the Scottish Parliament’s website](#).

⁶ The Schedule, which lists incorporated colleges, was updated by the [Post-16 Education \(Scotland\) Act 2013 \(Modification of Legislation\) Order 2015](#)

Protection of Vulnerable Groups (PVG) Scheme

4.12 It is an offence under section 35(1) of the Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Scotland) Act 2007 for a regional college board or in the case of an assigned incorporated college, a regional strategic body, to appoint a person to the college board if that individual is barred from regulated work⁷. By virtue of paragraph 18 of schedule 2 to that Act, regulated work with children includes being a member of the board. Under section 35(7) of that Act, the regional college board/regional strategic body can offer a board appointment subject to it being satisfied that the individual is suitable, e.g. by requesting a PVG scheme record. It is an offence under section 34 of that Act for any person who is barred from regulated work with children to seek to be a board member.

Scottish Public Services Ombudsman

4.13 Under the Scottish Public Services Ombudsman Act 2002, a publicly funded college falls within the remit of the Scottish Public Services Ombudsman.

Freedom of Information

4.14 Under the Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act 2002, a publicly funded college falls within the remit of the Scottish Information Commissioner.

Auditor General for Scotland

4.15 Paragraph 18(2A) of Schedule 2 to the 1992 Act provides that the college accounts are audited by the Auditor General for Scotland. The Auditor General for Scotland may under section 21 of the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000 appoint another person to audit the accounts. Under section 23(2)(a) of that Act the Auditor General for Scotland may initiate examinations into the economy, efficiency and effectiveness of the college.

Academic Freedom

4.16 A board is subject to section 26 of the 2005 Act, which is reproduced below (a board is a post-16 education body)⁸.

26 Academic freedom

- (1) A post-16 education body must have regard to the desirability of—
 - (a) ensuring the academic freedom of relevant persons; and
 - (b) ensuring that the matters mentioned in subsection (2) are not adversely affected by the exercise of a relevant person's academic freedom.
- (2) Those matters are—
 - (a) the appointment held; and
 - (b) any entitlements or privileges enjoyed,by the relevant person at the post-16 education body.
- (3) In this section, a “relevant person” is a person who is engaged in—
 - (a) teaching, or the provision of learning, at a post-16 education body; or

⁷ Section 91(2) of, and schedule 2 to, the Protection of Vulnerable Groups (Scotland) Act 2007 define “regulated work with children” and section 92 sets out when an individual is “barred from regulated work”.

⁸ Please note that the [Higher Education Governance \(Scotland\) Bill](#) introduced in the Scottish Parliament on 16 June 2015 proposes to amend section 26.

(b) research at a post-16 education body.

(4) For the purposes of this section, “academic freedom” includes freedom (within the law) to–

(a) hold and express opinion;

(b) question and test established ideas and received wisdom; and

(c) present controversial or unpopular points of view.

APPENDIX 1

SECTION 12 OF THE 1992 ACT (AS AMENDED)

BOARDS OF MANAGEMENT

12. (1) A board of management shall have the duty of managing and conducting their college.

(2) A board of management shall have the power -

(a) to provide or secure the provision of further education (within the meaning of section 1(5)(b) of the 1980 Act);

(aa) to provide part-time and full-time courses of instruction for persons of school age;

(b) to charge fees for or in connection with the provision by them of any form of further education or any course of instruction provided under subparagraph (aa);

(c) to provide to students of the college such assistance of a financial or other nature (including waiving or granting remission of fees) as they may consider appropriate;

(d) for the purpose of the administration and management of the college, to receive any property, rights, liabilities and obligations transferred to the board under or in pursuance of any provision of this Part of this Act or of the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 2005;

(e) to provide facilities of any description appearing to the board to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of or in connection with the carrying on of any of the activities mentioned in this subsection or in subsection (1) above (including boarding accommodation and recreational facilities for students and staff and facilities to meet the needs of students who have learning difficulties and disabled staff);

(f) to supply goods and services;

(g) subject to subsection (7)(a) below and section 18 of this Act, to acquire, hold and dispose of land and other property;

(h) to enter into contracts, including in particular -

(i) contracts for the employment of teachers and other staff for the purpose of or in connection with the carrying on of any such activities as are mentioned in this subsection or in subsection (1) above; and

(ii) contracts with respect to the carrying on by the board of any of such activities;

(i) to form or promote, or to join with any other person in forming or promoting, companies under the Companies Act 2006;

(j) subject to subsection (7)(a) below and the said section 18, to borrow such sums as the board think fit for the purpose of carrying on any of the activities they have power to carry on or for meeting any liability or obligation transferred to them under or in pursuance of any provision of this Part of this Act and, in connection with such borrowing, to grant such security or give such guarantee or indemnity as they think fit;

(k) to invest any sums not immediately required by the board for the purpose of their carrying on any of the activities which they have power to carry on or for meeting any liability or obligation transferred to them under or in pursuance of any provision of this Part of this Act;

(l) subject to subsection (7)(a) below and the said section 18, to raise funds, accept gifts of money, land or other property and apply it to, or hold or administer it in trust for, the purpose of carrying on any of the activities which they have power to carry on; and

(m) to do all such other things as are calculated to facilitate or are incidental or conducive to the carrying on of any of the activities which the board have power to carry on.

(3) In carrying out their functions under this section a board of management shall have regard to the requirements of persons who have learning difficulties.

(4) A board of management may delegate the performance of any of their functions to their chairman, to any committee appointed by them or to any member of their staff.

(4A) A board of management of a regional college is to pay to the chairing member appointed under paragraph 3(2)(a) of Schedule 2 such remuneration as the Scottish Ministers may in each case determine.

(5) A board of management may pay to persons appointed to be members of the board such allowances and expenses as they may determine; and any allowances and expenses to be paid by virtue of this subsection shall be calculated by reference to such criteria as the Secretary of State may determine.

(6) A board of management shall make such reports or returns and give such information to the Secretary of State as he may require for the purposes of the exercise of his powers and the performance of his duties under this Part of this Act.

(7) A board of management shall not, without the prior consent, given in writing, of the Secretary of State -

(a) borrow money from any source, give any guarantee or indemnity or create any trust or security over or in respect of any of their property; or

(b) effect any material change in the character of their college.

(8) The Secretary of State may by order amend the provisions of subsection (2) above by varying, adding to or removing the powers conferred by that subsection.

(9) An order shall not be made under subsection (8) above unless the Secretary of State has consulted such persons or organisations appearing to him to be

representative of boards of management and such other persons as appear to him to be appropriate as to the amendments proposed to be made by the order.

(10) Schedule 2 to this Act shall have effect with respect to the constitution and proceedings of and other matters relating to every board of management established in pursuance of any provision of this Part of this Act.

References to:

“the 1980 Act” are to the Education (Scotland) Act 1980;

“the Secretary of State” are to the Scottish Ministers.

APPENDIX 2

SCHEDULE 2 TO THE 1992 ACT

CONSTITUTION AND PROCEEDINGS OF BOARDS OF MANAGEMENT

Status

1. A board of management (in this Schedule referred to as “the board”) shall not-

(a) be regarded as the servants or agents of the Crown;

(b) have any status, immunity or privilege of the Crown,

and their property shall not be regarded as property of, or held on behalf of, the Crown.

Membership

3. (1) The board of a regional college is to consist of no fewer than 15 nor more than 18 members.

(2) The board is to be comprised of—

(a) a person appointed by the Scottish Ministers to chair meetings of the board (the “chairing member”);

(b) the principal of the college;

(c) a person appointed by being elected by the teaching staff of the college from among their own number;

(d) a person appointed by being elected by the non-teaching staff of the college from among their own number;

(e) two persons appointed by being nominated by the students’ association of the college from among the students of the college; and

(f) other members appointed by the board.

(3) An appointment made in pursuance of sub-paragraph (2)(f) has effect only if approved by -

(a) the chairing member; and

(b) the Scottish Ministers.

(4) A person is not eligible for appointment as the chairing member under subparagraph (2)(a) if the person is -

(a) a member of the Scottish Parliament;

(b) a member of the House of Lords;

(c) a member of the House of Commons; or

(d) a member of the European Parliament,

but such a person may otherwise be appointed as a member of the board⁹.

3A. (1) The board of a college which is not a regional college is to consist of no fewer than 13 nor more than 18 members.

(2) The board is to be comprised of -

(a) a person appointed by the regional strategic body to chair meetings of the board (the "chairing member");

(b) the principal of the college;

(c) a person appointed by being elected by the teaching staff of the college from among their own number;

(d) a person appointed by being elected by the non-teaching staff of the college from among their own number;

(e) two persons appointed by being nominated by the students' association of the college from among the students of the college; and

(f) other members appointed by the regional strategic body.

3B. (1) An election to appoint members in pursuance of paragraph 3(2)(c) or (d) or 3A(2)(c) or (d) is to be conducted in accordance with rules made by the board.

(2) Before making, varying or replacing rules about elections to be held in pursuance of paragraph 3(2)(c) or 3A(2)(c), the board must consult the representatives of any trade union which the board recognises as being, or which otherwise appears to the board to be, representative of the teaching staff of the college.

(3) Before making, varying or replacing rules about elections to be held in pursuance of paragraph 3(2)(d) or 3A(2)(d), the board must consult the representatives of any trade union which the board recognises as being, or which otherwise appears to the board to be, representative of the non-teaching staff of the college.

3C. (1) In appointing members under paragraph 3(2) or 3A(2) and in extending the period of appointment of any member so appointed, the board or, as the case may be, regional strategic body must have regard to any guidance issued by the Scottish Ministers in relation

⁹ This reflects the provision as amended by the [Post-16 Education \(Scotland\) Act 2013 \(Modification of Legislation\) Order 2015](#)

to the making of such appointments (including any guidance on the desirability of appointing members with particular skills and experience).

(2) Before issuing guidance under sub-paragraph (1), the Scottish Ministers must consult -

- (a) any board to which the guidance relates;
- (b) where it relates to the board of a college which is not a regional college, the regional strategic body for the college;
- (c) the local authority for any area in which the board to which the guidance relates is situated;
- (d) the relevant students' associations;
- (e) the representatives of any trade union which is recognised by a board to which the guidance relates or which otherwise appears to the Scottish Ministers to be representative of its staff;
- (f) the Council;
- (g) any body which appears to the Scottish Ministers to be representative of colleges of further education;
- (h) any body which appears to the Scottish Ministers to be representative of local authorities;
- (i) any body which appears to the Scottish Ministers to be representative of students of colleges of further education generally; and
- (j) any body which appears to the Scottish Ministers to be representative of trade unions in Scotland.

(3) Different guidance may be issued for different purposes.

Qualifications and tenure of office

5. (1) Subject to this paragraph and paragraphs 5A and 5B below, a member of the board -

(a) if appointed in pursuance of paragraph 3(2)(a) as the chairing member of the board of a regional college, holds and vacates office on such terms and conditions as the Scottish Ministers may determine;

(b) if appointed in pursuance of paragraph 3(2)(c) to (f) as a member of the board of a regional college, holds and vacates office on such terms and conditions as the board may determine;

(c) if appointed in pursuance of paragraph 3A(2)(a) or (c) to (f) as a member of the board of a college which is not a regional college, holds and vacates office on such terms as the regional strategic body may determine; and

(d) is, on ceasing to hold office, eligible for re-appointment.

(2) Subject to sub-paragraphs (2A) to (2G) below—

(a) a member appointed by being elected in pursuance of paragraph 3(2)(c) or (d) or 3A(2)(c) or (d) is to hold office for 4 years;

(b) a member appointed in pursuance of paragraph 3(2)(e) or 3A(2)(e) is to hold office until 31 August following appointment; and

(c) each other member of the board (including the chairing member) is to hold office for such period (not exceeding 4 years) as is specified in the member's terms of appointment.

(2A) The Scottish Ministers may extend the period of appointment of the chairing member of a regional college for a single further period not exceeding 4 years.

(2B) The board of a regional college may extend the period of appointment of a member appointed under paragraph 3(2)(f) for a single further period not exceeding 4 years (but such an extension has effect only if approved by the chairing member and the Scottish Ministers).

(2C) A regional strategic body may extend the period of appointment of a member it appoints under paragraph 3A(2)(a) or (f) for a single further period not exceeding 4 years.

(2D) The chairing member of a regional college is to vacate office if the member becomes a person of the type described in paragraph 3(4).

(2E) The principal of a college is to vacate office on ceasing to be the principal.

(2F) A member appointed under paragraph 3(2)(c) or (d) or 3A(2)(c) or (d) is to vacate office if the member ceases to be a member of the teaching or, as the case may be, non-teaching staff of the college before the member's period of appointment ends.

(2G) A member appointed in pursuance of paragraph 3(2)(e) or 3A(2)(e) is to vacate office if the member ceases to be a student of the college before the member's period of appointment ends.

(5) A member of the board, other than the principal of the college, may resign his office at any time by giving notice in writing to -

(a) in the case of the chairing member of the board of a regional college, the Scottish Ministers;

(b) in the case of any other member of the board a regional college, the board;

(c) in the case of any member of the board of a college which is not a regional college, the regional strategic body.

5A. (1) A person is not eligible for appointment as a member of the board if the person –

(a) has within 5 years of the date on which the appointment would take effect, been sentenced (following conviction for an offence in the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man or the Irish Republic) to imprisonment for

a period of not less than 3 months, whether suspended or not, without the option of a fine;

(b) is an undischarged bankrupt; or

(c) has been removed from office under section 24 of this Act or section 23Q of the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 2005.

(2) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1)(b), “undischarged bankrupt” means a person -

(a) whose estate has been sequestrated and who has not been discharged (or against whom a bankruptcy order has been made and is still in force);

(b) who has granted a trust deed for, or made a composition or arrangement with, creditors (and has not been discharged in respect of it);

(c) who is the subject of a bankruptcy restrictions order, or an interim bankruptcy restrictions order, made under the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act 1985 or the Insolvency Act 1986;

(d) who is the subject of a bankruptcy restrictions undertaking entered into under either of those Acts;

(e) who has been adjudged bankrupt (and has not been discharged); or

(f) who is subject to any other kind of order, arrangement or undertaking analogous to those described in paragraphs (a) to (d), anywhere in the world.

5B. (1) The relevant person must remove a member of the board from office (by giving notice in writing to the member) if—

(a) the member—

(i) is sentenced as mentioned in paragraph 5A(1)(a); or

(ii) has become a person to whom paragraph 5A(1)(b) applies; or

(b) the relevant person is satisfied that the member -

(i) has been absent from meetings of the board for a period longer than 6 consecutive months without the permission of the board; or

(ii) is otherwise unable or unfit to discharge the member’s functions.

(2) In sub-paragraph (1), “relevant person” -

(a) in the case of the chairing member of the board of a regional college, means the Scottish Ministers,

(b) in the case of any other member of the board of a regional college, means the board of management of that college,

(c) in the case of a member of the board of a college which is not a regional college, means the regional strategic body for that college.

(3) The Scottish Ministers must, by giving notice in writing to the member, remove a member from office if the member is removed from office under section 24 of this Act (in relation to any other college) or section 23Q of the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 2005 (in relation to any regional board).

(4) Where a member removed under sub-paragraph (3) was appointed under paragraph 3(2)(f) or 3A(2)(a) or (f), the Scottish Ministers may appoint another person in place of the removed member¹⁰.

(5) An appointment made under sub-paragraph (4) has effect as if made under the provision under which the removed member was appointed.

5C. Paragraphs 5A and 5B do not apply in relation to the principal of the college.

Proceedings

11. (1) Subject to paragraph 13 below, the board may regulate their own proceedings and those of any committee appointed by them.

(2) The validity of any proceedings of the board or of any committee appointed by them shall not be affected by any defect in the appointment of any member of the board or any member of such committee or by a vacancy amongst the members of the board.

(3) Subject to sub-paragraph (5) below, the board shall make available for inspection at the college at all reasonable times by anyone who wishes to inspect them copies of the documents to which this sub-paragraph applies.

(4) The documents to which sub-paragraph (3) above applies are -

- (a) the agenda for any meeting of the board or of any committee of theirs;
- (b) the draft minutes of any such meeting as approved by the chairman of the meeting;
- (c) the minutes of such meeting as agreed by the board or, as the case may be, committee; and
- (d) any report or other document considered by such meeting.

(5) Sub-paragraph (3) above shall not apply to any document or part thereof which relates to -

- (a) an employee, former employee or applicant for employment in relation to the college;
- (b) a person who is, has been, or is likely to be a student of the college;

¹⁰ This reflects the provision as amended by the [Post-16 Education \(Scotland\) Act 2013 \(Modification of Legislation\) Order 2015](#)

(c) any information the disclosure of which is prohibited by anything in any enactment (including this Act and an enactment contained in a subordinate instrument) or rule of law;

(d) anything which it appears to the board should be treated as confidential because of its commercial nature or otherwise.

Committees

13. (1) The board may establish committees for any purpose and any such committee may appoint sub-committees.

(2) Such committees may include persons who are not members of the board; but such persons shall not be entitled to vote at meetings of a committee.

(3) The principal of the college shall be entitled to attend and speak at any meeting of a committee of the board; but he shall be entitled to vote at such meeting only if he is a member of such committee.

(4) The board may pay to the members of such committees (whether or not they are also members of the board) such allowances and expenses as they may determine; and any allowances and expenses to be paid by virtue of this sub-paragraph shall be calculated by reference to such criteria as the Secretary of State may determine.

(5) Any reference in this Schedule to a committee of the board shall include a reference to any sub-committee appointed by such committee.

Staff

16. Subject to section 15 of this Act and paragraph 16A below, the board may appoint on such terms and conditions as they may determine such employees as they think fit.

16A. The appointment of a principal of a college which is not a regional college, and the terms and conditions of such an appointment, have effect only if approved by the regional strategic body for the college.

17. (1) The board may, in the case of such of its employees or former employees as they may, subject to sub-paragraph (2) below, determine -

(a) pay such pensions, allowances or gratuities to or in respect of those employees;

(b) make such payments towards provision of such pensions, allowances or gratuities; or

(c) make such arrangements for the provision and maintenance of such schemes (whether contributory or not) for the payment of such pensions, allowances or gratuities,

as they think fit.

(2) Sub-paragraph (1) above shall not apply to any person who becomes an employee of the board under or by virtue of any provision of this Act (other than paragraph 16 above) unless that person, by notice given in writing, informs the board that he wishes it so to apply.

(3) The reference in sub-paragraph (1) above to pensions, allowances or gratuities in respect of employees of the board includes a reference to pensions, allowances or gratuities by way of compensation to or in respect of any such employee who suffers loss of office or employment.

Accounts

18. (1) It shall be the duty of the board to keep proper accounts and other records.
- (2) The accounts shall be prepared in respect of each financial year in such manner as the Scottish Ministers may direct and the accounts shall be submitted to the Scottish Ministers by such time as they may direct.
- (2A) The Scottish Ministers shall send the accounts to the Auditor General for Scotland for auditing.
- (3) The financial year of the board shall be from 1st April to 31st March.
- (4) The Secretary of State may by order provide that the board shall have a different financial year, and an order under this sub-paragraph may make such consequential provision as appears to the Secretary of State to be necessary or expedient.
19. The accounts of the board shall be open to the inspection of the Comptroller and Auditor General, but –
- (a) the power conferred by this paragraph; and
- (b) the powers under sections 6 and 8 of the National Audit Act 1983 (examinations into the economy, efficiency and effectiveness of certain bodies and access to documents and information) conferred on the Comptroller and Auditor General by virtue of section 6(3)(c) of that Act,
- shall be exercisable only in, or in relation to accounts or other documents which relate to, any financial year in which expenditure is incurred by the board in respect of which grants, loans or other payments are made to them under this Part of this Act.

Execution of documents

20. (1) For any purpose other than those mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) below, a document is validly executed by the board if it is signed on their behalf by a member of the board or by their secretary (or any person performing the duties of secretary to the board) or by any person authorised to sign the document on their behalf.
- (2) For the purposes of any enactment or rule of law relating to the authentication of documents, a document is validly executed by the board if it is subscribed on their behalf by being executed in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraph (1) above.
- (3) A document which bears to have been executed by the board in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) above shall, in relation to such execution, be a probative document if the subscription of the document bears to have been attested by at least one witness.

Provision of services

21. The Local Authorities (Goods and Services) Act 1970 (supply of goods and services by local authorities to certain public bodies) shall have effect as if the board were a public body within the meaning of that Act.

References to the “Secretary of State” are to the Scottish Ministers

[Note: In relation to the paragraph 18, the Scottish Ministers have by order changed the financial year of boards. Boards have a financial year of 1 August to 31 July¹¹.

This Appendix does not reflect changes made to Schedule 2 to the 1992 Act by the [Lanarkshire Colleges Order 2014](#) in relation to New College Lanarkshire, as the changes are in relation to only that college.]

¹¹http://www.sfc.ac.uk/web/FILES/Guidance_college_reclassification/Colleges_of_Further_Education_Order_2015.pdf

APPENDIX 3

SECTION 23A – 23D OF THE 2005 ACT

REGIONAL COLLEGES: FUNCTIONS

Regional colleges: general duty

23A (1) It is the duty of a regional college to exercise its functions with a view to securing the coherent provision of a high quality of fundable further education and fundable higher education in the locality of the regional college.

(2) In doing so, the regional college must have regard to any fundable further education and fundable higher education provided by other post-16 education bodies in the locality of the regional college.

Regional colleges: planning, consultation and collaboration

23B (1) A regional college must plan for -

(a) how it proposes to provide fundable further education and fundable higher education; and

(b) how it intends to exercise its other functions.

(2) When making plans, a regional college must have regard to the importance of ensuring that funds made available to it under section 12 are used as economically, efficiently and effectively as possible.

(3) A regional college must, where it considers it appropriate to do so in the exercise of its functions, consult -

(a) the representatives of any trade union which it recognises or which otherwise appears to it to be representative of its staff;

(b) its students' association;

(c) the local authority for the area in which the regional college is situated;

(d) the governing body of any other post-16 education body which provides fundable further education or fundable higher education in the locality of the regional college;

(e) any other regional college or regional strategic body whom it considers likely to have an interest in the matter concerned;

(f) any person who appears to it to be representative of employers in the locality of the regional college;

(g) any person who appears to it to be representative of the interests of any sector for which the regional college provides specialist education or training;

(h) The Open University;

(i) The Skills Development Scotland Co. Limited;

(j) the Scottish Qualifications Authority; and

(k) Scottish Enterprise or Highlands and Islands Enterprise (as appropriate).

(4) Any particular requirement for consultation imposed on a regional college by virtue of this or any other enactment is without prejudice to subsection (3).

(5) A regional college must, so far as is consistent with the proper exercise of its functions, seek to secure the collaboration with the regional college of the following persons -

(a) the representatives of any trade union which the regional college recognises or which otherwise appears to it to be representative of its staff;

(b) the regional college's students' association;

(c) the local authority for the area in which the regional college is situated;

(d) the governing body of any other post-16 education body which provides fundable further education or fundable higher education in the locality of the regional college;

(e) any other regional college or regional strategic body whom it considers it appropriate to collaborate with;

(f) The Open University;

(g) The Skills Development Scotland Co. Limited;

(h) the Scottish Qualifications Authority; and

(i) Scottish Enterprise or Highlands and Islands Enterprise (as appropriate).

(6) The Scottish Ministers may by order modify subsection (3) or (5) by -

(a) adding or removing persons, or types of persons, to which those provisions apply; or

(b) varying the description of any such person or type of person.

(7) But such an order may not modify paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (3).

Regional colleges: improvement of economic and social well-being

23C (1) A regional college is to exercise its functions with a view to improving the economic and social well-being of the locality of the regional college.

(2) In doing so, the regional college is to have regard to -

(a) social and economic regeneration needs in the locality; and

(b) social cohesion and social inclusion issues in the locality.

(3) For the purposes of subsection (2)(a), "needs" means needs which appear to the regional college -

(a) to exist for the time being or be likely to exist in the future; and

(b) to be capable of being addressed (wholly or partly) by the provision of fundable further education or fundable higher education.

(4) For the purposes of subsection (2)(b), “issues” means issues which appear to the regional college -

(a) to exist for the time being or be likely to exist in the future; and

(b) to be capable of being addressed (wholly or partly) by the provision of fundable further education or fundable higher education.

Regional college to have regard to particular matters

23D (1) In exercising its functions, a regional college is to have regard to—

(a) skills needs in the locality of the regional college;

(b) issues affecting the economy of the locality of the regional college;

(c) social and cultural issues in the locality of the regional college; and

(d) the needs and issues in relation to Scotland identified by the Council for the purposes of section 20(1).

(2) In exercising its functions, a regional college is to have regard to the desirability of the achieving of sustainable development.

(3) In exercising its functions, a regional college is to have regard to the—

(a) United Kingdom context; and

(b) international context,

in which it carries on its activities.

(4) In exercising its functions, a regional college is to have regard to the educational and related needs (including support needs) of persons who are, and the likely educational and related needs (including support needs) of persons who might wish to become, students of the college.

(5) In exercising its functions, a regional college is to have regard to the desirability of enabling, encouraging and improving participation in fundable further education and fundable higher education by persons belonging to any socio-economic group which the regional college reasonably considers to be under-represented in such education.

(6) For the purposes of subsection (1)(a), “skills needs” means any requirement or desirability for skills or knowledge which appears to the regional college –

(a) to exist for the time being or be likely to exist in the future; and

(b) to be capable of being addressed (wholly or partly) by the provision of fundable further education or fundable higher education.

(7) For the purposes of subsection (1)(b) and (c), “issues” means issues which appear to the regional college –

(a) to exist for the time being or be likely to exist in the future; and

(b) to be capable of being addressed (wholly or partly) by the provision of fundable further education or fundable higher education.

(8) For the purposes of subsection (5), a socio-economic group is to be treated as under-represented in fundable further education or fundable higher education if participation in such education by persons in that group is disproportionately low.

(9) A regional college may take into account any social or economic characteristics which it considers appropriate when determining which groups are to constitute “socio-economic groups” for the purposes of subsection (5).

(10) A regional college is to have regard to the under-represented socio-economic groups identified by the Council for the purposes of section 20(4A) when determining

-

(a) which groups are to constitute “socio-economic groups” for the purposes of subsection (5); and

(b) whether a socio-economic group so determined is under-represented in fundable further education or fundable higher education.

References to “the Council” are references to the Scottish Funding Council

APPENDIX 4

SECTION 23N OF THE 2005 ACT

ASSIGNED COLLEGES: INFORMATION AND DIRECTIONS

23N (1) A regional strategic body's colleges must provide the regional strategic body with such information as it may reasonably require for the purposes of or in connection with the exercise of any of its functions.

(2) A regional strategic body may give such directions to its colleges, or to any of them, as it considers appropriate.

(3) Directions given under this section may be of a general or specific character.

(4) Before giving directions under this section, a regional strategic body must consult

(a) any college to which the proposed directions relate;

(b) the representatives of any trade union recognised by such a college or which otherwise appears to the regional strategic body to be representative of its staff; and

(c) the students' association of every such college.

(5) A college must comply with directions given to it under this section.

(6) Directions given under this section may be varied or revoked.

(7) Nothing in this section allows a regional strategic body -

(a) to give directions in relation to the transfer of any staff, property, rights, liabilities or obligations¹²; or

(b) to give directions to a college whose governing body is not a board of management established in pursuance of Part 1 of the 1992 Act.

¹² This reflects the provision as amended by the [Post-16 Education \(Scotland\) Act 2013 \(Modification of Legislation\) Order 2015, SSI 2015/153](#)

APPENDIX 5

SECTION 24 OF THE 1992 ACT

MISMANAGEMENT BY BOARDS

24 (1) This section applies where -

(a) it appears to the Scottish Ministers that the board of management of any college of further education -

(i) have committed or are committing a serious breach of any term or condition of a grant made to them under section 12 or 12B of the Further and Higher Education (Scotland) Act 2005 (“the 2005 Act”);

(ii) have committed or are committing repeated breaches of such terms or conditions;

(iii) have failed, or are failing, to provide or secure the provision of education of such standard as the Scottish Ministers consider appropriate;

(iv) have failed, or are failing, to discharge any of their duties properly; or

(v) have mismanaged, or are mismanaging, their financial or other affairs; or

(b) the Council has informed the Scottish Ministers that a college of further education whose board of management is established in pursuance of this Part is not, or is no longer, a body for which there are suitable provisions, procedures and arrangements of the type described by or under section 7(2) of the 2005 Act.

(2) Where this section applies, the Scottish Ministers may by order—

(a) remove any or all of the members of the board (other than the principal of the college); and

(b) where a removed member was appointed under paragraph 3(2)(a) or (f) or 3A(2)(a) or (f) of Schedule 2, appoint another person in place of the removed member.

(3) Before making an order under subsection (2)(a), the Scottish Ministers must consult the Council.

(4) The Scottish Ministers must give notice of exercise of the power of removal conferred by subsection (2)(a) to the board and the member.

(5) An appointment made under subsection (2)(b) has effect as if made under the provision of Schedule 2 under which the removed member was appointed.

References to “the Council” are references to Scottish Funding Council