A company limited by guarantee and having no share capital

Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Directors

Jamie Robb Carnegie Karin McKenny Justine Mary Westwood Martin Leslie John Shepherdson Gareth Gerald Tenner Barry Christopher Cawte Kareena Cuthbert

Registered Office

8 Kings Drive Glasgow G40 1HB

Registered Auditor

Milne Craig Abercorn House 79 Renfrew Road Paisley PA3 4DA

Principal Bankers

Clydesdale Bank PLC 30 St Vincent Place Glasgow G1 2HL

Company Lawyers

Shepherd & Wedderburn 1 Exchange Crescent Conference Square Edinburgh EH3 8UL

Director's Report

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022. The company is limited by guarantee without a share capital and was originally incorporated on 14 June 2000.

Principal activity and business review

As the governing body for hockey in Scotland the company's principal activity is Inspiring Involvement in Hockey within Scotland, the fun, friendly and exciting sport for life.

The year has seen income sources exceed pre pandemic level with squads attending more tournaments than 2020 and 2021. However, costs have also increased due to inflation and uncertain economic circumstances, recharging costs to individuals to cover the extra costs has been utilised where possible but have still resulted in an overall deficit for the year.

Results

The results arising from the principal activity are reported in the financial statements and reflect a deficit of £5,355 (2021: £850).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were;

Stewart George Gilmour (resigned 19.01.23)
Gareth Gerald Tenner
Martin Leslie John Shepherdson
Karin McKenny
Barry Christopher Cawte (appointed 28.03.22)

Wendy Katrina Justice (resigned 15.06.22) Justine Mary Westwood Jamie Robb Carnegie Kareena Cuthbert (appointed 11.10.22)

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to: -

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Director's Report

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Statement of disclosure of information to auditor

The directors of the company who held office at the date of approval of this annual report confirm that: -

- So far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information, needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing their report, of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- They have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Small company exemptions

In preparing this report the directors have taken advantage of the small company exemptions in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006. It was approved by the board on 9th March 2023 and signed on its behalf.

Martin Leslie John Shepherdson

Director

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Scottish Hockey Union Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Scottish Hockey Union Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2022 on pages seven to twelve. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Scottish Hockey Union Limited

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Company, and determined that the most significant are those that relate to the form and content of the financial statements such as the accounting policies and the UK Companies Act 2006.

We assessed how the Company is complying with these frameworks by observing the oversight of those charged with governance, the culture of honesty and ethical behaviors and a strong emphasis placed on fraud prevention, which may reduce opportunities for fraud to take place, and fraud deterrence, which could persuade individuals not to commit fraud because of the likelihood of detection and punishment.

We assessed the susceptibility of the Company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, by making an assessment of the key fraud risks to the Company, and the manner in which such risks may occur in practice, based on our previous knowledge of the Company, as well as an assessment of the current business environment.

Based on this understanding, we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and regulations. Where the risk was considered higher, we performed audit procedures to address each identified fraud risk, including management override of controls. These procedures included testing manual journals and were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud or error. We evaluated the design and operational effectiveness of controls put in place to address the risks identified, or that otherwise prevent, deter and detect fraud.

In addition, our audit procedures included enquiring of management concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud. We addressed the fraud risk in relation to revenue recognition by testing completeness and cut off of income.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards.

As with any audit, there remains a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance, and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Scottish Hockey Union Limited

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Alex Webb BAcc FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Milne Craig, Statutory Auditors

Chartered Accountants

Abercorn House, 79 Renfrew Road, Paisley, PA3 4DA

Date: 13th March 2023

Income Statement

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Income		_	
Government grants Membership Domestic competitions International squads Development, education and performance Commercial income COVID-19 grants Other	3	829,282 276,054 99,738 390,027 8,900 43,077	798,249 117,468 53,453 234,862 33,411 42,820 91,110 1,250
Total income		1,769,720	
Expenditure			
Domestic competitions International squads Development, education and performance Employment and related costs Administration Other	4	710,900	45,098 492,563 55,929 670,215 64,722 45,409
Total expenditure		1,776,924	
Operating (deficit)	5	(7,204)	(1,313)
Bank interest received		2,283	571
(Deficit) before taxation		(4,921)	(742)
Taxation	7	(434)	(108)
(Deficit) for the year		(5,355)	(850)
Surplus brought forward		·	124,244
Surplus carried forward		<u></u> <u>118,039</u>	123,394

Balance Sheet

As at 31 December 2022

	Notes	£	2022 £	£	2021 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets Investments	8 9	5,034 100 	5,134	8,153 100	8,253
Current assets			0,101		0,2.00
Stock Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10	15,000 120,216 440,892 576,108		68,969 460,978 529,947	
Creditors: - amounts falling due within one year	11	463,203		414,806	
Net current assets			112,905		115,141
Net assets			<u>118,039</u>		<u>123,394</u>
General reserves	12		<u>118,039</u>		<u>123,394</u>

The financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of the Companies Act 2006 relating to companies subject to the small companies regime, were approved by the board on 9th March 2023 and signed on its behalf.

Martin Leslie John Shepherdson

Director

Justine Mary Westwood

-Director

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. Statutory information

The Scottish Hockey Union Limited is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in Scotland. The company's registered number is SC208125 and its registered office is 8 Kings Drive, Glasgow, G40 1HB.

2. Accounting policies

- (a) The financial statements have been prepared under the historic cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard 102 (Section 1A) "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.
- (b) The company has cash resources as well as receiving government grants. Having prepared draft budgets for 2023 and considered available working capital, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the for the foreseeable future. The directors continue to believe the going concern basis of accounting appropriate in preparing the financial statements. The directors are not aware of any known material uncertainties regarding the company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- (c) Government grants are recognised as income in the period to which they relate. In the case of grants received for specific projects, income is recognised to the extent that the activity has taken place. Government grants that are received in respect of expenditure charged to the profit and loss account during the year have been included in the profit and loss when received. Membership subscriptions are recognised as income in the year in which they are invoiced. Domestic competition entry fees are recognised as income over the period of the competitions to which they relate and in proportion to the costs incurred. Other income is recognised when it becomes due and payable.
- (d) Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following basis: -

Computer equipment

33.33% per annum straight line basis

Office fittings

10% per annum straight line basis

- (e) Investments held as fixed assets are stated at fair value. Deferred tax is provided on any gains at the rate expected to apply when the assets are sold.
- (f) Trade debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due with appropriate allowances for any irrecoverable amounts when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired.
 - Other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due with appropriate allowances for any irrecoverable amounts when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired.
- (g) Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash, bank and deposit accounts all available on demand.
- (h) Trade creditors, taxation and other creditors are all recognised where the company has a present obligation resulting from a past event and are recognised at the settlement amount due.
 - Income received in advance is recognised when monies are received that relate to future accounting periods.
- (i) Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to the income and expenditure account as incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont'd)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

- (j) The company contributes to defined contribution pension schemes and the pension charge represents the amount payable by the company in respect of the year.
- (k) The company does not have a duty under s398 and s399 of the Companies Act 2006 to prepare group financial statements. The financial statements therefore present information about the company's affairs and not about its group. The company's subsidiary, SHU Events Limited, operates in respect of major hockey events held periodically in Scotland and the irregularity of these events would distort the reporting of the company's normal annual activities.

3.	Government grants	2022 £	2021 £
	Sportscotland Other grants	796,400 32,882	773,550 24,699
		829,282	798,249
4.	Employment and related costs	2022 £	2021 £
	Staff employed on continuing activities	710,900	<u>670,215</u>
5.	Operating surplus	2022 £	2021 £
	This is stated after charging: -		
	Depreciation Auditor's remuneration Rental of land and buildings Other operating lease rentals	2,957 2,775 29,781 <u>7,947</u>	2,945 2,775 40,000 <u>10,196</u>
6.	Staff costs	2022	2021
	Staff costs were as follows: -	£	£
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs	579,823 56,044 <u>19,569</u>	546,566 52,883 <u>18,820</u>
	The average number of employees during the year was 20 (2021:17).	<u>655,436</u>	<u>618,269</u>
7.	Taxation	2022 £	2021 £
	Provision for corporation tax at current rates	<u>434</u>	<u>108</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont'd)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	sets

		Computer Equipment £	Office fittings £	Total £
	Cost		~	~
	At 1 January 2022	34,861	21,456	56,317
	Additions	•	-	·
	Disposals	(22,013)	(2,071)	(24,084)
	At 31 December 2022	12,848	19,385	32,233
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2022	33,016	15,148	48,164
	Charge for year	811	2,146	2,957
	Disposals	(22,013)	(1,909)	(23,922)
	At 31 December 2022	11,814	15,385	27,199
	Net book value at 31 December 2022	<u>1,034</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>5,034</u>
	Net book value at 31 December 2021	<u>1,845</u>	<u>6,308</u>	<u>8,153</u>
9.	Investments		2022 £	2021 £
	SHU Events Limited		<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
			<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

The company holds 100 ordinary shares of £1 each in the issued share capital of SHU Events Ltd a company registered in Scotland. At 31 December 2022 the net assets of this company were £38,242 (2021: £39,167) and the loss for the year ended at that date was £925 (2021: £1,367).

		2022 £	2021 £
10.	Debtors	_	-
	Trade debtors Amounts due from subsidiary Other debtors	10,942 47,740 <u>61,534</u>	17,118 - <u>51,851</u>
		<u>120,216</u>	<u>68,969</u>
11.	Creditors due in less than one year: -		
	Trade creditors Income received in advance Taxation Other creditors	12,224 330,748 3,853 <u>116,378</u> <u>463,203</u>	26,104 315,424 (4,429) <u>77,707</u> 414,806

Notes to the Financial Statements (Cont'd)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

12	Canaral	reserves
12.	- General	LESELVES

	2022 £	2021 £
Opening reserves Surplus/(Deficit) for year	123,394 <u>(5,356)</u>	124,244 <u>(850)</u>
Closing reserves	<u>118,039</u>	123,394

13. Related party transactions

At 31st December 2022 an amount of £47,740 (2021: £nil) was owed from it's subsidiary SHU Events Ltd.

14. Capital commitments and contingent liabilities

There were no known capital commitments or contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2022, which are not provided for within these financial statements (2021: £nil).

15. Lease commitments

At 31 December 2022 the company had the following lease commitments outstanding on under non-cancellable operating leases.

	2022 £	2021 £
Land and buildings: -		
Due within one year Due between two and five years Due out-with five years	43,747 174,990 185,926 404,663	40,000 160,000 210,000 410,000
Other operating leases: -		
Due within one year Due between two and five years Due out-with five years		7,947 - - 7,947